FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., Second-class Mail Matter.

Port Almanac—Oct. 29.

Sun Rises	6.19 A M
Sun Sets	5.06 P M
Day's Length	10 h[47 m
High Water at Southport	9 4 8 A M
High Water at Wilmington	11.28 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 28.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature, 8 a. m., 58°; 8 p. m., 65°; maximum, 67°; minimum, 57°; mean, 62°.

Rainfall for the day, T; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, 4.44.

Weather conditions for twelve hours ended at 8 p. m. October 28, furnished by the Weather Bureau office:

A moderate storm area is central over New York, and is causing light showers or snow along the lakes. Light precipitation has fallen during the day over the Ohio and lower Mississippi valleys under the advance of the Western cool wave, otherwise cool, fair weather has prevailed over the West and Southwest. Fair, warmer weather prevails east of the Mississippi river over the South. The barometer is highest over Colorado.

Local forecast for Friday: Generally fair weather with local showers, and cooler probably Friday night.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Local showers along the eastern Gulf coast and over the Mississippi valley and Texas. Unsettled weather prevails elsewhere being warmer over the eastern and much colder over the eastern portions. Heavy rainfalls are reported from Ninden, Louisiana, 1.74 inches, and Kerrville, Texas, 1.64 inches.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Oct. 27.—At 8 p. m. the stage of water in the Cape Fear river was 9.9 feet.

OUTLINES.

Rev. J. L. Burdine, a Baptist minister of Pickens, S. C., killed his wife and then shot himself through the head. ——The German steamer Polaria is still ashore off Cape Henry. ——Keepers of life-saving stations along the coast report the recent storm the worst in twenty years; many of the stations were dam aged. ——The Spanish reply to Minis ter Woodford's note will be laid before President McKinley's cabinet to-day. ——The Supreme Council of the Thirty-third Degree Masons elected officers for the ensuing year, and adjourned to meet in Omaha next October. ——General Weyler will leave Havana to-day for Madrid. ——The grand jury at Wilkesbarre, Pa., returned true bills for murder against Sheriff Martin and his deputies for the Latimer, Pa., shooting. ——Henry George, candidate for Mayor of Greater New York, charges that Robert A. Pryor paid Richard Croker $15,000 for the judgeship he now holds and that $32,000 was paid for a seat upon the bench for Judge Ingraham; for these and other kindred offences, George threatens Croker and Platt with the penitentiary. ——Ex-president Grover Cleveland has a son, born yesterday at Princeton, N J. ——The New England cotton manufacturers convention closed yesterday. Arthur Parkinson in a paper read before the convention said that Southern manufacturers can undersell Eastern mills in medium and coarse fabrics. —— New Orleans reports no improvement in the fever situation; there were five deaths reported yesterday; Montgomery records twelve new cases; no new cases at Selma; Mobile announces four deaths and six new cases; four new cases at Flomation, Ala. ——Richard Croker was hissed in Tammany Hall last night, at the first large meeting of the campaign where he has made his appearance. —— New York markets: Money on call easier at 1½@2 per cent., last loan at 2 per cent., closing offered at 1½@2 per cent.; cotton quiet; middling 6 1 16c; flour strong and higher; wheat, spot strong; No. 2 red $1.04½; corn—spot firm; No. 2 33½c; rosin steady—strained common to good $1.40@1.45; spirits turpentine quiet at 31½c.

The rumor that Russell Sage, of New York, had killed himself was false, of course. Russell would rather live and wear a $6.75 suit than die and wear a $100 coffin.

An Illinois woman had her funeral indefinitely postponed the other day by sitting up in the coffin and asking for a drink of water. She got the drink of water and is now getting along all right.

The wanderers are returning. Hon. Isador Rayner, of Maryland, who kicked against the Chicago platform and bolted, got so lonesome that he couldn't stand it and has gone back into the fold.

Mrs. Rorer, a cook book writist, say only the adult chicken should be eaten. She assumes that the average American is equipped with the jaws and teeth of an alligator, or shark or something of that sort.

Edison, who is interested in iron mining somewhere in New Jersey, has invented a machine which digs the earth, dumps it into a hopper, grinds it to powder and then extracts the iron with magnetic attraction.

That French roller boat which was to have crossed the Atlantic in four days, didn't roll, but this hasn't discouraged Mr. Knapp, the Canadian, who claims to have constructed a roller boat which will scoot across in one day.

His name is pronounced Van Wyke, not Van Wik. It isn't his fault that it is spelled Wyck. When he the name was invented good spellers were scarce over there in Holland, where the original Van Wyck performed.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXI.—NO. 33. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9,423

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

It isn't good all the time to be too previous in telling news of a tragic character. A York, Pa., man had himself arrested on suspicion of murder because he told some one that "Dolly" was dead. Dolly was found some hours later floating in the river, and when last seen alive she was in his company.

In one town in Kentucky, Mr. Bryan was introduced as "the greatest citizen in the United States," and in another as "the greatest and foremost citizen of the world." It must be pretty hard for Mr. Bryan to listen to such talk, but we suppose he has got used to it.

The prospects for Tracy must be somewhat desperate in New York, when his managers have to resort to the expedient of stirring up the "old war spirit," as the *Sun* calls it, and parading the old soldiers. That was one of Hanna's tricks in the last Presidential campaign.

When sharks go out foraging they are not particular what they feed on. A short while ago one was captured on the coast of England, which was toting around inside of him a bottle containing some names which some girls threw into the sea at Cape May five years ago.

Judging from his speeches Gen. Tracy isn't half as confident of election as his organs profess to be. He says if he is defeated he will go down with "flying colors," "truth crushed to earth will rise again," &c. Confident men do not usually talk that way.

Governor Black, of New York, in a speech the other day declared that "no personality can be trusted unless it is chained to principle." He was talking as an experienced Republican. Chaining them is the only way they can be held.

Chicago men should be careful how they permit strange women to faint in their arms without any previous notice. One of them did that the other day and soon after was lamenting the loss of a daisy diamond shirt stud.

Dr. Edward Everett Hale wants the study of the language of the aboriginal Indian undertaken in our public schools. And now Mr. Hale should rise and inform us which of the numerous tribes was the aboriginal fellow?.

The Indiana girl who has sued her fellow for $299 damages for breach of promise had his value figured down pretty fine.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE—A Practical Joke.
W. B. MCKOY—Commissioner's sale.
J. E. MATTHEWS—Administra's notice.
NOTICE—Members St. James' Church.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

U. C. ELLIS—Photographs.
ATLANTIC TEA CO.—Just received.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Major H. L. Grant, of Goldsboro, was in the city yesterday.

— Rev. W. B. Oliver has returned from a short visit to Fayetteville.

— Mr. Thomas M. Morse, of Southport, was one of yesterday's arrivals.

— Messrs. M. B. Mintz and J. L. Pinner, of Southport, were here yesterday.

— Mr. N. P. Deerham, of Fair Bluff, was among yesterday's hotel registrations.

— Maj. J. S. Hines, of Faison, N. C., is visiting his daughter, Mrs. P. Heinsberger, Jr.

— Mr. I. Hogeland, superintendent of the Glence stock farm, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. J. C. Murchison, master of trains on the C. F. & Y. V. R. R., arrived last evening.

— Mr. Samuel Kramer, registering from North Carolina, was a guest at the Orton yesterday.

— Mr. W. R. Phillips, of the Goldsboro *Argus*, was among yesterday's arrivals in the city.

— The STAR is glad to note that Major W. A. Johnson is upon the street again after an illness of ten days.

— Capt. J. W. Fry, General Manager of the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railway, and Miss Nannie Caldwell, of Winston, were married last Tuesday. The STAR tenders its congratulations.

To-day and to-morrow are the last days of the special sales week at J. H. Rheder & Company's. †

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— A meeting of the O. A. N. Society is called for to-night at 8 o'clock.

— Mr. U. C. Ellis, the photographer, makes an interesting announcement about photographs this morning.

— One submission case was entered on 'Squire G. W. Bornemann's docket yesterday against a party charged with assault and battery.

— The local cotton market closed quiet yesterday at 5⅝c for middling. The same grade in Charleston and Savannah was quoted at 5⅝c.

— A number of people left yesterday over the Carolina Central railroad to attend the Maxton Fair. Another excursion is scheduled to leave this morning at 7.15 o'clock.

— Contractors Stout and Tyler will soon begin work on two handsome residences—one for Mr. W. A. Willson, on Ann street, and one for Mr. J. S. Funchess, on Dock street.

— The Norwegian barque *Bessie Jose*, Captain Kverndal, was cleared yesterday for Hull, England, by Messrs. Paterson, Downing & Co., with a cargo of 5,500 barrels rosin, weighing 1,657,880 pounds, and valued at $8,390.

— Jacksonville *Times*: A beautiful naptha launch was received last Saturday for Mr. Thomas McIntire. The boat is a masterpiece of the boat builders' art, and is one of the most handsome ever placed on any of North Carolina's rivers.

— Governor Russell has offered a reward of $400, which is supplemented with a reward of $300 offered by the Commissioners of Richmond county, for the arrest of the assailant of Miss Cole, at Rockingham. Here is a chance for some smart fellow to make $600.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—744 bales cotton, 9 casks spirits turpentine, 88 bbls tar, 2 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—2,890 bales cotton, 16 casks spirits turpentine, 89 bbls rosin, 93 bbls tar, 2 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—224 bales cotton, 18 casks spirits turpentine, 300 bbls rosin, 44 bbls tar, 12 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—118 bales cotton, 42 casks spirits turpentine, 102 bbls rosin, 88 bbls tar.

Steamer A. P. Hurt—97 bales cotton. 80 casks spirits turpentine, 9 bbls rosin, 95 bbls tar, 8 bbls crude turpentine.

Total receipts—Cotton, 3,578 bales; spirits turpentine, 115 casks; rosin, 350 bbls; tar, 308 bbls; crude turpentine, 19 bbls.

Peanut Crop Damaged.

The peanut crop seems doomed this year. It began by being cut off from a fourth to a half by the prolonged dry weather, and now its the wet weather that is doing the damage. The rain found a part of the crop on the ground dug but not stacked, and as there hasn't been sunshine enough to dry the peas the result is that both the vines and the nuts are damaged from mildew. And even where the peas had been stacked, there is some damage from the rain being carried by the high wind into the interior of the stack.

Juvenile Baseball.

At 3 o'clock yesterday an exciting game of baseball was played in the Hemenway School yard between the Blues and the Grays, resulting in a score of 19 to 12 in favor of the latter team. Battery for the Grays, Moore and McLaurin; for the Blues, Moore and Suggs.

Moore's catching and the skillful way in which McLaurin handled the ball were the distinguishing features for the Grays, while Green's playing for the defeated team was of the best. Scorer, James Everett; umpire, Willie Riley.

Drays Collide.

Yesterday about 12 o'clock somebody gave the draymen at the foot of Princess street the signal, "dray wanted," and some twelve or fifteen answered the call with a degree of alacrity that came near resulting seriously. One of the drays collided with another standing in front of Geo. R. French & Sons' shoe store. The jar was so great that the driver of the moving dray, John Walker, colored, was thrown several feet. He went straight up, however, and landed on the floor of his dray without injury.

The George D. Purdy.

Capt. George D. Purdy, of Verona, was here yesterday on business connected with the remodelling of the steamboat *George D. Purdy*, which is now on the ways at Jacksonville. He was looking for skilled house joiners. When the *Purdy* is remodelled she will be practically all new with the exception of a part of the hull. The original cost of the vessel was $7,000 and about $14,000 improvements will be added.

Excursion Coming To-Day.

An annual trade excursion from Liberty and other points along the C. F. & Y. V. Railroad is expected to-day. The train will arrive at 8 p. m. and will leave on return at 8 p. m. to-morrow. The excursionists will spend a part of their time at the seaside resorts.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cent

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

To-day the C. W. Polvogt Co. begin their Bargain Days. Be sure to visit them. They offer 100 bargains. †

THE ATLANTIC CLUB

Organized Last Night with Ninety-three Members—Election of Officers.

The subscribers to the new club house on Carolina Beach met according to previous adjournment in the city court room at 8.30 o'clock last evening. On motion of Mr. C. W. Yates, Mr. W. A. French, Sr., was made temporary chairman, after which the meeting went at once into the election of officers of the club, with the following result: President, W. A. French, Jr.; Vice President, Fred. Kidder; Secretary and Treasurer, W. A. Willson, Jr.; Executive Committee, consisting of the President, Vice President, D. C. Love, D. McEachern and D. O'Connor.

NAMED "THE ATLANTIC."

Membership in the club and a free pass to Carolina Beach for the season of 1898 had been promised to the lady suggesting the name for the club that should recommend itself to the majority of the members. There were numerous contestants and among some of the names handed in were "Sedgely," "Keamore," "Glengarick," "Shell Beach" and a good many others. The name, however which was most generally satisfactory was "Atlantic," presented by Miss H. M. Whitaker.

The meeting adjourned at 9.45 o'clock until next Thursday night at 8.15 o'clock, when the executive committee will make their report on the plans as submitted by Mr. H. E. Boaitz.

The new club starts off with flattering prospects. It organized with 93 members and it was not till July that the canvass was begun. The promoters of the movement are working vigorously and there is fair promise that their efforts will materialize in a handsome, modern and commodious structure which will be a credit to the Beach.

Magistrates' Courts.

Joseph Bolton, colored, was arraigned before Justice Fowler yesterday charged with false pretence, but upon trial was adjudged not guilty. The same defendant was then tried on a charge of assault with a deadly weapon, but the warrant was amended and the defendant adjudged guilty of disorderly conduct; but judgment was suspended upon payment of the costs.

Justice Bunting disposed of the following cases, viz:

Rosa Smith, colored, charged with assault and battery and disorderly conduct, submitted and was let off upon payment of costs.

John Giles, colored, charged with assault and battery, was also let off upon payment of costs.

Joe Anthony, colored, charged with assault and battery and disorderly conduct, was let off upon payment of costs.

Zimmerman Newkirk, colored, submitted to a charge of false pretence and judgment was suspended upon payment of costs.

The River Route to Fayetteville Again Open.

Both of the river steamboats plying regularly between Wilmington and Fayetteville were here yesterday. The *Driver*, Capt. Irving Robinson, left Elizabethtown, where she has been tied up during the drought, Tuesday at 8 a. m. for Fayetteville, arriving at 11 a. m. Wednesday, and returning arrived here at 3.30 p. m. yesterday. She will leave for Fayetteville at 12 o'clock to-day.

The *A. P. Hurt*, Capt. Sandy Robeson, was also in port yesterday, having brought freight from points as far up as Willis Creek. She left yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock for Fayetteville with a heavy cargo of freight which had been accumulating, waiting for her to resume her regular trips.

Without more rain it is feared that the river will not continue high enough for boats to get into Fayetteville with safety. There is barely enough as it is, and the river will fall, of course, unless there are heavy rains to keep it up.

A New Cotillon Club Organized.

Wilmington has now another cotillon club to contribute to its society events, as a number of young gentlemen of the city met last night and organized such a club. The meeting was called to order by Mr. Henry Peschau, and its object stated to be to give a german every month. An election of officers was then entered into and resulted as follows, viz: President, Thos. H. Wright; Vice President, Chas. Lewis; Secretary and Treasurer, F. W. Dick; Leader, Richard Bradley; Governing Board, S. W. Vick, Jas. H. Cowan, E. J. Woodward, T. C. DeRosset and R. G. Rankin.

The club starts out under most flattering conditions, as its membership now numbers about twenty-five. A meeting of the Governing Board, of which President Wright is *ex officio* chairman, will be held this afternoon at 2 o'clock to complete all the necessary arrangements. The first dance will be given during the latter part of next month.

Quarantine Officers Kept Busy.

The quarantine officers are busy at present, keeping people who come from the yellow fever district from coming to this city. Many who are thus stopped state that they were under the impression that Wilmington had abolished its inland quarantine system; but such, however, is not the case.

Yesterday afternoon quarantine officer J. W. Holmes prevented a lady and two children, of Atlanta, Ga., from coming to the city via the Carolina Central railroad. Mr. John W. Peregoy, a well known travelling salesman of Atlanta, Ga., en route for this city via the W. C. & A. railroad, was stopped by officer J. W. Smith at Navassa, and sent back home upon the next out-going train.

Maxton Fair.

The Eighth Annual Fair of the Border Exposition of the Carolinas will be held at Maxton, N. C., Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, Oct. 27, 28, 29.

W. B. HARKER,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Read the adv. of the C. W. Polvogt Co. It is their Bargain Day. †

HEMENWAY SCHOOL.

The New Building Will be Formally Dedicated To-Night—Dr. E. A. Alderman, of the State University, to Make an Address.

The new Hemenway School building will be formally dedicated to the cause of education to-night with exercises beginning at 8 o'clock. A programme has been arranged which will measure up to the importance of the occasion fully. And part of the programme that will be especially enjoyable will be an address by Dr. Edwin A. Alderman, President of the State University. It is eminently proper that the address in dedication of a public school building should be delivered by one who has been such an ardent supporter of public schools as the speaker chosen for to-night has been.

Dr. Alderman arrived in the city last evening from Goldsboro, where he spoke Wednesday night. He was met at the depot by Prof. M. C. S. Noble, superintendent of the city schools, and Mr. Jas. F. Post, chairman of school district No. 1. He is the guest of his brother-in-law, Mr. H. McL. Green.

In addition to Dr. Alderman's address there will be other exercises appropriate to the occasion. It will be the first time that the new assembly hall has been used. There will be plenty of room, and parents and friends of the school are cordially invited to attend.

REV. ROBERT STRANGE, D. D.

His Proposed Withdrawal From the Rectorship of St. James' Church.

The members of St. James' Episcopal Church, this city, are very much worried over the threatened departure of the rector of that church, Rev. Robert Strange, D. D., who has received a call to the rectorship of Christ Church, Norfolk, Va. Dr. Strange has not accepted the position tendered as yet, and it is hoped that he will not see fit to do so, for his acceptance would make Wilmington lose one of her most able ministers of the Gospel, and a man beloved by all; but Dr. Strange, however, has the call under consideration, and hence this uneasiness.

The vestry of St. James' Church has issued a call for a meeting of the congregation of the church to-night at 8.15 o'clock in the Parish House, to take action in the matter.

The Woodward-Warren Company.

Next week, at the Opera House, that well known and popular attraction, the Woodward-Warren Company, will present a repertoire of new musical and farce comedies, giving six evening and two afternoon performances.

The troupe played a week's engagement in this city last season and gave entire satisfaction, and made many laugh and admire. This year Mr. H. Guy Woodward included in his repertoire "The Man From Paris," "The Merry Tramps," "Too Much Smith," and others. The company is spoken of by the press of other cities as being far above the average of popular price attractions.

Monday night the roaring comedy "A Practical Joke" will be presented, and each lady accompanied by a person holding a paid 30 cent ticket will be admitted free. Seats will be placed on sale at Gerkens' to-morrow.

Foot Ball Practice to be Resumed.

For the last week inclement weather has prevented "the brawny youths" from chasing the "pig skin," but to-night practice will be resumed and every member of the foot ball eleven is urged to be present. On the 13th of next month the Wilmington team will battle for mastery with the Greensboro club, and hence it can be seen that these practices are necessary. Next week the Wilmington eleven will be picked. At the O. A. N. park, where the practices are held, additional electric lights have been erected, and the gridiron now at night is as bright as in the day time. At the practice to-night every player is earnestly requested and urged to be present.

WILL THERE BE WAR?

Ominous Outlook—A Conflict With Spain Extremely Probable.

Referring to the relations between the United States and Spain, the Washington *Star* of Wednesday says:

"The feeling is practically universal in official circles that the contention has reached an acute stage, and that a conflict with Spain is extremely probable, if not almost certain. This will result, however, only from the aggressive attitude and spirit of defiance manifested by Spain.

"It is expected that immediately upon the assembling of Congress the President will communicate the correspondence to that body, consisting not only of the communication sent to the Spanish Government through Minister Woodford, and Sagasta's reply to that communication, but also of the rejoinder to that reply, which will be sharp and decisive. This will leave the case in a situation for Congress to act, and the sentiment of Congress is well known.

Any communication by the President to Congress on the Cuban question which does not show a settlement of the controversy will be accepted as an invitation to legislative action, and will surely lead to such action. The recognition of the belligerency of the Cuban insurgents is the least aggressive act that can be expected from Congress, and if the correspondence transmitted to Congress proves to be of the character as at present indicated, its transmission is sure to be followed by preparations for hostilities with Spain. In fact, it is believed that the rejoinder to Sagasta's communication will be delayed until just before Congress meets, and that it will be of such a character as to result, in the present temper of the Spanish government, in the recall of the Spanish minister."

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents tf

50c Dress Goods on display at the C. W. Polvogt Co. for 49c to-day. It is their Bargain Day. †

Only two more days of great bargains at Rehder's, Fourth street. †

NEWS FROM RALEIGH.

New Chainless Bicycles—Otho Wilson Says Populists Endorse His Course and Denounce Butler—New Capital Club Building—Gossip Concerning Newspapers.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., October 28.

The first of the new chainless bicycles was exhibited here to-day and attracted a great deal of attention. The wheel from general appearances is not unlike the old style. It is worked by a system of cogs, and these are concealed from view by tubing which exclude dust and dirt. The wheel is manufactured by the Pope Co., and they have put an army of agents on the road in the past few days to exhibit them. Their representative here says the company will recommend the chainless 'cycle in preference to the old style. The chainless wheel will sell for $135.

Otho Wilson says the *Hayseeder* may not be warm enough for some people but that it is accomplishing its purpose and satisfies those who pay for it. Otho states that he is in receipt of letters daily from Populists all over the State who endorse his course and denounce Butler.

It is rumored that the Governor is a regular contributor to the editorial columns of the *Caucasian*.

Mrs. Watson, the young wife of Al. Watson, who killed himself after shooting her, is getting well of the wound, though she will be paralyzed for life. The ball struck her spinal column and she will never be able to walk again.

The work of constructing the new Capitol Club building will begin November 1st.

A gentleman connected with the *News and Observer* says that paper will start an evening edition when the new morning paper is put in the field.

Mr. J. E. Fitzwilson, formerly traveling freight agent in the employ of the Southern, has been promoted to a better position with headquarters at Norfolk, Va.

It is stated that the firm of W. H. & R. S. Tucker will be put on its feet again and that three well known citizens of Raleigh will constitute the firm.

Southport Items.

From the *Standard* of Thursday, October 28th:

The tide yesterday morning was the highest seen here for years. The combination wharf was submerged, and the pilots say it was higher than the storm tide of '93. It was very fortunate that high wind did not accompany the tide.

Quite a lot of drift lumber has been washing up on Bald Head and Carolina beaches.

The *Henry Christian*, the new tug for the Navassa Guano Co., which has been expected here since last Saturday, lost her rudder in Currituck Sound and was towed to Elizabeth City, where repairs are being made which will detain her for a week.

Merchants' Association.

A meeting of the Board of Directors of the Merchants' Association was held yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock in the Association's rooms in the S. A. L. building, President W. A. Johnson presiding, with Mr. P. Heinsberger secretary. A number of matters of importance were discussed and acted upon, after which the meeting adjourned about 5.30 o'clock, subject to the call of the president.

Only two more days of great bargains at Rehder's, Fourth street. †

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MEMBERS

OF THE CONGREGATION OF ST. JAMES' Church are requested to meet at the Parish House this Friday evening, at 8.15 o'clock, for the purpose of considering a matter of great importance to the welfare of the Parish. N. N. DAVIS,
oc 29 1t Secretary Vestry.

Administrator's Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING QUALIFIED as Administrator of the estate of W. E. Faison, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said decedent to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against said estate will present them for payment on or before the 29th day of October, 1898, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. J. E. MATTHEWS,
oc 29 tf Administrator.

OPERA HOUSE.

ONE NIGHT WEEK.

Commencing Monday Night, Nov. 1.

Return of the Record-Breakers,

THE WOODWARD-WARREN COMPANY,

With a Brand New Round of Musical and Farce Comedies.

Monday Evening, the Funniest Thing that Ever Happened,

"A PRACTICAL JOKE."

Twentieth Century Prices—10, 20 and 30 cents.

Monday night, every lady accompanied by a person holding a paid 30-cent ticket, will be admitted free. oc 29 3t

Schedule on Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

ON AND AFTER SEPT. 27th TRAINS WILL run as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington at 6.30 p. m., 6.30 p. m
Leave Ocean View at 8.00 a. m., and 5.00 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave Wilmington at 3.30 p. m. and 6.00 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 5.00 p. m.

R. OSCAR GRANT,
sep 25 t Superintendent.

Commissioner's Sale.

NORTH CAROLINA, New Hanover County. } In Superior Court.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE SUPERIOR Court of the County of New Hanover, made in the proceedings for Partition in the matter of Thomas A. Heide, *et al.*, vs. Henry H. Heide, *et al.*, the undersigned Commissioner, appointed by the Court, will, on Thursday the 18th day of November, A. D. 1897, at 12 o'clock M., sell at public auction, at the Court House door of the County of New Hanover, in the City of Wilmington, for cash to the highest bidder, all the following lots and tracts of land lying and being in the State of North Carolina and County of New Hanover, and described as follows:

1st. That tract of land in the said county, known as "Appleton," and bounded as follows: Beginning at a stake in the run of Doctor's Branch, thence running north 64 deg. W. 150 poles to a pine in the bay, thence N. 30 deg. W. 130 poles to a stake in the run of a branch in Yearling Savanna, thence over said branch with its meanderings to the mill pond, high water mark, thence along the high water mark around the pond to where it heads in Doctor's Branch, thence along the run of said branch with its meanderings to the first station; containing 400 acres, more or less, and being the same described in a deed of W. D. Smith and M. E. Smith to W. C. Heide, recorded in Book E E E, p. 168, *et seq.*, of the records of said county.

2d. Also, that lot in the said State and county and in the city of Wilmington, and in block No. 137, according to the present official plan, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the eastern line of Second street at a stone wall, the northern line of a lot once the property of C. C. Morse, thence east with the said line and the southern line of said wall 114 feet, thence northwardly in a line parallel with the said line of Second street 41 feet to an alley, thence west parallel with Ann street and along the alley 114 feet to the said line of Second street, thence with said line of Second street 41 feet to the beginning.

W. D. MCKOY,
oct 29 20t Commissioner.

NEWS FROM RALEIGH.

THE MORNING STAR.

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Livery and Sales Stables

Open All Day and All Night
Every day in the year.

First-Class Equipment

IN EVERY BRANCH.

Hacks and Baggage Line to and From All Trains.

Horses Boarded.

Furniture Wagons with careful drivers.

S. P. COWAN & CO.,

Second between Princess and Chestnut Street.

Telephones, both Companies, No. 15
oc 23 tf

For One Week

ONLY!

A Splendid Two-Quart

FOUNTAIN SYRINGE,

With Three Hard Rubber Pipes,

For Only 50 Cents.

A rare opportunity.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,

oc 24 tf Wilmington, N. C.

WE HAVE NOW

On Exhibition and for sale the finest selection of

PIANOS

ever brought here. Remember our Pianos are carefully selected, and bought right out.

We cannot only save you money, but give you Pianos which are A 1.

Our makes comprise the famous and unequalled

SOHMER & CO.,
LESTER PIANO CO.,
NILSON & CO. and
LUDWIG PIANOS.

Four different makes to choose from. We are at all times ready to show our Instruments and invite critical examination.

E. VAN LAER,

402 & 404 North Fourth Street.
oc 19 tf

Liverpool and American SALT.

Any weight sacks, coarse or fine, fresh packing. A large stock

Bagging and Ties,

which we offer at lowest market prices.

Groceries

in quantities sufficient to fill orders promptly. Correspondence solicited.

Hall & Pearsall,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.
su 10 DAW tf

BUY THE BEST.

Housekeepers wishing fine fresh ground

Corn Meal and Grits

should always call for and see that they get our goods.

Boney & Harper.
oct 13 tf

For Rent.

HOUSE ON NINTH BETWEEN Church and Castle streets. Four rooms, water and good yard room in rear.

D. O'CONNOR,
oc 7 tf Real Estate

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MAXTON FAIR.

THE EIGHTH ANNUAL FAIR OF THE Border Exposition of the Carolinas will be held at Maxton on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, October 27th, 28th and 29th.

A special train will leave Wilmington on Thursday and Friday mornings on the following schedule and the following rates will cover the round trip and include admission to the Fair:

			FARE.
Leave Wilmington at	7.15	A. M.	$2.30
" Cooly at	7.30	"	2.05
" Marsville at	8.00	"	1.85
" Councils at	8.25	"	1.65
" Clarkton at	8.50	"	1.45
" Bladenboro at	9 00	"	1.25
" Lumberton at	9 35	"	1.00
" Moss Neck at	9 53	"	.75
" Pembroke at	10.08	"	.55
[A. C. L. train from the South connect's here.]			
" Pates at	10.08	A. M.	.60
" Red Banks at	10.13	"	.75
Arrive at Maxton	10.30	"	

Returning the special trains leave Maxton at 5.10 P. M., connecting with A. C. L. south-bound train at Pembroke, and arrive at Wilmington at 8.35 P. M.

The people at Rowland, Dillon, Florence, &c., need not fear but that the Pembroke connection will be made, as there is a safe margin, and the special will be held in case of unusual delay of the A. C. L.
oc 16 1w

Don't Worry About the Rooster.

When considering quality, the basis of cheapness, the consumers of refined taste and moderate means will readily appreciate the economy of buying.

Armour's "Star" Sliced Bacon,
Armour's "Star" Ham.

Nothing finer can be produced. Once tried always wanted.

"Fit for a King" is Armour's

"Shield" Brand Leaf Lard.

Guaranteed first quality and at prices within the reech of every one, and sold by all the first class fine grocery trade.

Vollers & Hashagen,

Distributing Agents.

AT WHOLESALE ONLY.
oc 24 tf

FRESH POULTRY

Is coming in now every day, fat and tender. A fresh spring goose, or duck, or a tender chicken for roasting, makes a tempting morsel this clear, cold weather. If you prefer a prime roast of beef, leg of lamb or mutton, steak or chop, we will send you the choicest to be procured, fat, juicy and tender.

I. B. RHODES,
oc 22 tf Front Street Market.

PALACE MARKET.

We have this day in connection with our other business opened a place to be known as

The Palace Market,

on the northwest corner of Market and Second streets for the

SALE OF FRESH MEATS.

We have secured the services of Mr. G. E. Tilley, who has had several years experience in the fresh meat business, who will be the manager thereof.

We respectfully solicit your patronage.

J. F. GARRELL & CO.
oc 21 tf

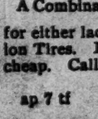
CUT PRICES THIS WEEK
—AT—
The "Unlucky Corner"

on Soused Tripe and Pickled Pigfeet. Have you ever tried them cooked in batter?

A good quality Worcestershire Sauce by the pint, quart or gallon. Send your bottle.

S. W. Sanders.
Telephone 109. oc 26 tf

FOR RENT.



HOUSE CORNER GRACE AND Fourth streets. Modern improvements.

Two houses on Princess between Ninth and Tenth.

House on Dock between Seventh and Eighth.

House corner of Second and Nun.

House on Third between Walnut and Red Cross streets.

Also five rooms; modern improvements; with a nice family. Apply to

D. O'CONNOR,
oc 17 tf Real Estate Agent.

100,000 Cigars.

500 Boxes Tobacco.
50 Bags Coffee.
100 Buckets Candy.
100 Cases Star Lye.
50 Bbls. choice Porto Rico Molasses.
100 Boxes Soap.
For sale at rock bottom prices.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
12 Market Street.
oc 14 tf

Combination Bicycle FOR SALE!

A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address M., at
ap 7 tf STAR OFFICE.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, OCT. 29, 1897

DEMORALIZING LEGISLATION.

Any legislation that encourages deception, hypocrisy, lying, false pretence or dependence upon the bounty of others when one ought to depend upon himself, is in its essence demoralizing. Of this kind is the tariff system as constructed and administered by the Republican party, and the pension system as constructed and administered by the same party. The tariff is demoralizing because it encourages its beneficiaries to look to the bounty of the Government instead of relying upon themselves, and stimulates false pretence and downright lying to hold the bounty they receive or get more than they have. When a manufacturer, for instance, pretends that without a certain amount of protection for which he asks he would have to go out of business or be ruined by remaining in it, and the annual statements of his establishment showed dividends of ten, twelve or more per cent., doesn't he advertise the fact that he is lying when he pretends that more protection is necessary to the preservation of his business? When, again, this same manufacturer declares that without a certain rate of duty to protect him from the competition of the European manufacturer who employs "cheap pauper labor," and at the same time ships the products of his plants to foreign countries and undersells, in his own market, the foreign manufacturer from whom he asks protection, does he not advertise that he is trying to deceive the men who make tariffs, and the people who are asked to vote for them?

Morally speaking what is the difference between this kind of false pretence, not to call it straight out lying, and the false pretence of the plausible swindler who buncoes a bank out of a pile of money? There is really none, In point of respectability we don't know whether the odds wouldn't be in favor of the bank buncoer for he takes the chances of being caught and sent to the penitentiary, while the tariff buncoer, acting under the authority of law secured by false pretence, plunders without any fear of being called to account or punished.

As one illustration out of many that might be cited take the Tin-plate Trust, concerning which we have reproduced some extracts from Mr. Conger's address to the Republicans of Ohio. They had under the McKinley law a protective duty of $2.20 a box on imported tinplate. They prospered on that and made immense profits, over thirty or forty per cent. on the capital invested. When this duty was reduced to $1.05 a box by the Wilson tariff they still continued to make an immense profit, and yet when the Republicans were fixing up their new tariff the tinplate men pleaded distress and pretended that the industry would be destroyed if they were not given what they called adequate protection against foreign tinplate makers. Their demands were granted and the result is that they annually rob the American people of $15,000,000, the additional amount that the tinplate buyers have to pay for the tinplate bought from them. They don't bunco a bank out of a few thousand dollars and take the chances of being run down and run into the penitentiary, but they bunco the American people out of $15,000,000 a year with impunity, under the cover of law, and laugh at the buncoed, who can't help themselves.

Isn't that demoralizing? Doesn't it convert men who in the ordinary transactions of life between man and man are honorable, honest and reliable, into false pretenders and bold-faced plunderers, under cover of a law which is the outcome of selfish pleading and deception? Doesn't the contamination spread as a contagion, until others seeing how these profit by their false pretences, become false pretenders, too, and the insatiate greed of the once comparatively few becomes the mania of the many, and the demoralization becomes widespread if not universal? For this the "they-all-do it" plea, recently made by the Governor of North Carolina, is offered in extenuation or justification of the grab-all, plundering spirit that many of the grabbers would have regarded with loathing a few years ago.

And so with the pension system, which by its latitudinarian construction, and licentious abuse, has converted millions of our gallant, self-respecting soldiers into self-confered, dependent mendicants and at the same time encouraged false pretence, and sometimes perjury to get on the rolls that once were or should be "rolls of honor," but are rolls of honor no longer, because upon them have been crowded the names of so many frauds, camp following bummers and women who have virtually prostituted themselves under forms of law to become the successors on the pension rolls of dead pensioners. But that thousands of young women have done and are doing, marrying decrepid old soldiers, old enough to be their fathers, for whom they have neither respect nor love, simply that they may become their widows and have a life claim on the pension their "husbands" drew. This accounts largely for the great number of "widows" whose names are found upon the pension rolls.

This is not any mere assertion, for we have the authority of the Commissioner of Pensions, Evans, who is of course a Republican, and cannot be charged with any antipathy to the pensioners. He has asked for remedial legislation to protect the pension rolls from this kind of widows, and supports his request with statements like the following found in his report of the disbursements for the past year explaining why the expenditures were $3,000,000 more than for the preceding year:

"At the soldiers' homes young women will snap up the chance to marry decrepit old men, evidently hoping that they will soon die and leave the pension; and, in many of these cases, the women do not live with the men they marry. I hope to recommend to Congress that a law be passed providing that women marrying soldiers hereafter shall not be entitled to any pension upon the death of their husbands. The law of 1890 makes this stipulation regarding the pensions which are payable under that act, but the great majority of the pensioners now on the rolls draw their money by virtue of previous acts."

During the fiscal year 1897, 13,000 names were added to the pension rolls by Commissioner Evans, and of this number over one half were composed of the names of these young "widows" who had virtually bartered their bodies to draw the pension of old men. Isn't this demoralizing legislation? It demoralizes not only the men who resort to questionable devices to reap the benefit of it, but the young women who barter their bodies for pensions.

MINOR MENTION.

Self preservation is one of nature's first laws. National, State and municipal laws are passed for the preservation of Nation, State and municipality, and for the betterment of the condition of the citizens of each. We guard against infectious or contagious diseases in man or beast. Our Gulf States are subject to annual visitations of yellow fever and every year we have to use much vigilance to prevent its introduction from Cuba, the incubating nest of the fever germ. Cuba is right at our threshold, and this is what makes it such a serious matter to us. Dr. Guiteras says that at least 90 per cent. of the cases of yellow fever introduced in this country come from Cuba, and that Cuba will never be exempt from it until there is a complete system of sanitation established in Havana. Spain will never give Havana this system and therefore we are never safe from danger of the introduction of this disease, however great the precautions we take to prevent it. We might as well undertake to keep out the wind that comes across Cuba, or the Cuban sea weeds that the waves bring with them. We can only shut the gates after the disease has made its appearance, then establish quaranines to prevent its spread, and spend millions of dollars in fighting it, and lose millions of dollars by the interruption of travel and business while the disease prevails. Not to think of the trials of the afflicted communities and the loss of the many thousands of lives, we have spent hundreds of millions of dollars in contending against this disease, and will have to keep on spending millions, and keep on losing lives while that disease incubator is kept in Spanish control and no steps are taken to improve its sanitary condition. Aside from all question of mere resentment, there is cause sufficient in this why this country should favor a change of regime on that island with which American influence might be potent enough to at least secure measures which would to some extent, if not entirely, protect us from these imported scourges.

* * *

Mr. Bryan has invaded Ohio, and while the crowds that greet him are, as might be expected, not so large as when he appeared in that State as a Presidential candidate they are still large enough to show what a strong hold he has on the people. One of the significant features of these meetings is the large number of Republicans who are seen at them. It cannot be said that curiosity draws these people to hear him, as it was said in the Presidential campaign, for they had ample opportunity to gratify their curiosity then, for there were few leading points in the State that he didn't touch in his two or more journeys through it. If there be any curiosity in the case at all, as far at least as the Republicans are concerned, it is probably to hear how Mr. Bryan would account for that "wave of prosperity" about which there is so much talk by the Republican organs, and for the presence of which they claim so much credit for their party policies. He told them precisely in what it had its origin, namely, the wheat shortage in other countries which made an extraordinary demand for American wheat. In addition to this was the reports of immense gold discoveries in Alaska which boomed things somewhat as the gold discoveries in California did in 1849-50. This was not an original discovery by Mr. Bryan, for whatever the effect of the gold discoveries in Alaska and the Klondike region may have been, every intelligent person knows that the high price of wheat, which has brought the prosperity they are rejoicing over, is due solely to the short crops in other countries, and is in no way the result of anything the Republican statesmen have done or not done.

* * *

There isn't much doubt that Governor Russell is playing the North Carolina railroad lease for politics, and there isn't much doubt either that he is making pretty free use of the funds of the road to pay attorney's fees, etc. Whether the State is getting a *quid pro quo* for this money has not yet appeared, but there are no indications that it has from the pan out of the proceedings thus far. But the probabilities are that the gentlemen who, with Governor Russell, are manipulating this business care much less for the interests of the State than they do for the politics they think there is in this movement, a suspicion which has ample justification when Governor Russell and Marion Butler are heard tooting through the same horn and playing the same tune. They have secured the co-operation of Dr. Mott, who has been on the silent, retired list since the last election, but has recently written a letter announcing that he is with them in the railroad lease racket. When Dr. Mott moves, it also gives ground for the suspicion that there is some devilment hatching. There are a good many people who do not approve of that lease, and a good many Democrats among them, but they are not the kind of gudgeons to fall in under the Russell Butler-Mott flag, and play into their hands to show disapproval of what they consider an unwise and unbusiness-like proceeding on the part of the directors who made that lease.

Texas has a paper called the *Free Lunch*. It is hot stuff, and ought to be pretty well patronized.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Chatham *Record*: Blackberries ripening in October is very unusual in this section, and yet some fully matured and ripe blackberries were gathered near here last week.

— Red Springs *Citizen*: We learn that McLaughlin, the negro postmaster at Bowmore, got his appointment through the influence of the most prominent Populist in Blue Springs township.

— Salisbury *Sun*: Mr. M. Folsom has orders for all the clay pipes he can make at his place on South Church street. A recent order from Georgia calls for 15,000 of these pipes. Orders are received often enough to keep the plant busy supplying the demand.

— Winston, *Sentinel*: The next term of Forsyth Superior Court opens on Monday, November 29th. It looks now like the docket will be the largest in the history of the county, there being 283 cases on the criminal docket at present, with several magistrates to hear from. There are a number of civil cases but it is hardly probable that many of them will be tried at this term. Forsyth needs a criminal court.

— Clinton *Democrat*: The *Democrat* regrets to learn that Mr. Nathan Britt, of Halls, who was accidentally shot while out squirrel hunting several days ago, is so low that scarcely any hope of his recovery is entertained. He has never rallied from the shock attending the accident. His advanced age is very much against him. —Mr. Gid K. Grantham, of Granthams', Wayne county, had the misfortune to lose his gin and seven bales of cotton last week by accidetal fire. There was no insurance. —— The *Democrat* has often heard of pound pears and has seen a few, but on Monday it was shown a pear of the Keifer variety that weighed two pounds and one ounce. It grew on the plantation of Mr. Aman, father of our townsman, Mr. A. W. Aman, in Hall's township.

— Durham *Sun*: It now appears that a great quantity of pecans are raised in Durham. Our item a few days ago about Mr. Hackney's young trees has brought to light a number of older ones in various places. Mr. Jas. Tyson sent us specimens of two kinds of pecans grown on two good size trees in his yard on Chapel Hill street, which have been bearing for ten years. They were as finely flavored as any we ever tasted. We are glad to know they grow so well in our climate. There are also pecan trees in the yards of Mrs. T. D. Jones, Mrs. J. L. Blackwell, and we heard Hugh Markham had some trees in his yards, and perhaps there are others scattered about town of which we have not heard; yet all show that the pecan grows to perfection in Durham.

— Raleigh *Times*: Mr. Sam Waitt met with a distressing and serious accident this morning about 9 o'clock. Mr. Waitt is an employe of the Street Railway Company and at tempted to board a moving street car at the corner of Hillsboro and McDowell streets. Unfortunately for him he missed his hold and footing, fell under the car, and was dragged a distance of about twenty-five feet. Motorman Marcom stopped the car as quickly as possible and young Waitt was removed from his frightful and painful position. The left thigh was broken and the left foot was crushed where the car had run over it, and the head and all portions of the body suffered severe bruises. —— Governor Russell this morning offered a reward of $400 for the apprehension of the fiend who committed the assault on the person of Miss Lilly Cole, of Rockingham. —— Commissioner of Agriculture Mewborne has received letters from some manufacturers of briar pipes in New York, asking if they can procure "good old stock of briar wood or roots" in this State. There is a good demand for this wood for pipe manufacture in the North, and it appears that with a little care some of the farmers of North Carolina, and particularly of the Eastern part of the State, might find the collection of this briar wood profitable. The Commissioner can furnish the addresses of pipe manufacturers to those who are interested.

Medical men say rheumatism is the forerunner of heart disease. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures rheumatism by its action on the blood. †

TWINKLINGS.

— He—"I am willing to admit I was wrong."

She—"I expect you to do more than that. You must admit that I was right."—*Puck*.

— Adapted in Every Respect: Warwick—"I think Alaska would make an elegant summer resort." Wickwise—"Ah, you have been reading about the climate!" Warwick—"No, the prices."—*Truth*.

— Matter of Choice—"She says she has remained single from choice."

"That's right. I wouldn't undertake to say whose choice it was, but the broad, general statement is unquestionably true."—*Chicago Evening Post*.

— Reporter—"Are you making any headway in this murder case?" Big Chief of Police—"Certainly, young man; of course. I am prepared to say now, right here, that this is one of the deepest mysteries I've ever been called upon to handle."

— Mrs. Medders—"Well, I guess hard times air gone, Silas."

Mr. Medders—"Looks that way. I guess now we can afford ter stay hum from meetin' once in a while of a Sunday, an' bring out the checker-board ag'in.—*Truth*.

— Brown—"I thought you were a vegetarian, but I hear you eat mutton."

Robinson—"I am not a bigoted vegetarian. I only eat the meat of such animals as live on vegetable food."—*Cleveland Plain Dealer*.

— Tompkins (learning)—"Do you think that I am any good at it, Jinks?"

Jinks—"At what?"

"Golf, of course. What do you think?"

"I haven't seen you play golf yet. You have been cutting sod all day. At that you're a dandy."—*Harper's Bazaar*.

CURRENT COMMENT

—— Great Britain once tried to exercise an alleged right of search on American ships with disastrous results, and she was a much bigger nation then than Spain is now. In the interim we have also grown a bit.—*Philadelphia North American, Rep.*

—— The New York *Tribune* is consoled presumably by the engineers' strike in England, because the strike, if continued, will drive much business to this country that would have gone to England, and so put money into American pockets. Those Yankees have an awful lot of luck at other people's expense. Indian famine brought so called dollar wheat, and now John Bull's kicking engineers may make the American steel and iron mills profitable beyond the ordinary.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

—— Not alone Cuba but all the other islands of the west Indies are suffering from the dry rot of Euro-ownership and mismanagement. They will probably never be anything better then splendid failures until they shall have free trade with the Continent to which they are natural commercial dependencies. Considered in any other light than as advantageous milatary outposts the several islands of the group which still remain in possession of European maritime Powers are a burden to their owners. Even the islands belonging to Great Britain, which are lightly taxed and enjoy liberal forms of government, have become impoverished and unprofitable, and are now knocking at the doors of the imperfal treasury for money subsides because of the failures of the sugar and coffee estates to withstand the pressure of competition from the outside.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

One Qualification Missing.

"You know nothing about the trials and tribulations of a governess," declared a charming woman of Detroit who is in the business. "I was summarily dismissed from one place because I told a mother that her little daughter had no taste for music. The woman informed me curtly that if I didn't know enough to remedy the defect she could afford to hire some one who did.

"A wealthy lady with three delightful little children dispensed with my services because in playing for company I received more applause than she did. Another rejected my application because I could not understand her German. No one could.

"But an experience last week capped the climax. A gentleman called in answer to my advertisement and asked me to see his wife. He seemed very favorably impressed, and I imagine he must have been indiscreet enough to praise me on reaching home, for she—that is to say—well, nobody would ever call her attractive. When I applied, she catechised me closely as to my accomplishments. After learning with evident regret that I could play, sing, dance and had the conventional manners of the day she started in to disqualify me in the matter of languages. But, in addition to German, French and Italian, I knew enough of the classics to give her children a preparatory course. This worried her, and after a silence she began again:

"'Do you teach Scotch?'

"'I do not, madam.'

"'In that case it is useless to talk further. Scotch novelists are writing such beautiful things now that I insist on having my children taught the language.'"—Detroit Free Press.

Made to Last.

Benjamin Franklin, in the midst of his labors to establish the republic on a safe and solid basis, came into his house one day and found his little daughter sewing.

"These buttonholes, Sally," he said, "are good for nothing. They will not wear. If you make a buttonhole, child, make the best buttonhole possible."

Not content with rebuking the child, he went down the street and sent up a tailor, who had orders to instruct Miss Sarah in the art of making a buttonhole properly.

A great-granddaughter of the American philosopher told this anecdote recently, adding, with pride, "Since then the Franklin family have made buttonholes that will last."

What great statesman now would observe such a seeming trifle? How many young girls of Sarah Franklin's age think it worth while if they make a buttonhole to make the best one possible?—Youth's Companion.

The Grandest Remedy.

Mr. R. B. Greeve, merchant, of Chilhowie, Va., certifies that he had consumption was given up to die, sought all medical treatment that money could procure, tried all cough remedies he could hear of, but got no relief; spent many nights sitting up in a chair; was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery, and was cured by use of two bottles. For past three years has been attending to business, and says Dr. King's New Discovery is the grandest remedy ever made, as it has done so much for him and also for others in his community. Dr. King's New Discovery is guaranteed for Coughs, Colds and Consumption. It don't fail. Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

GEMS HAVE DISEASES.

Some Lose Color, Some Gradually Fade and Die, Others Chip and Crack.

Gems have diseases just as men and women do, with this difference, that the infirmities of precious stones can rarely be cured. Some gems deteriorate—grow old, in other words—and gradually become lifeless. Pearls are most subject to this fate, and no means have been found to restore them to life.

Among infirmities to which precious stones are liable is one common to all colored stones, that of fading or losing color when long exposed to the light. The emerald, the sapphire and the ruby suffer the least, their colors being as nearly permanent as colors can be, yet experiments made a few years ago in Paris and Berlin to determine the deterioration of colored gems through exposure showed that even these suffered, a ruby which had lain for two years in a show window being perceptibly lighter in tint than its original mate, which was kept in the darkness.

The causes of the change are not very clear, even to expert chemists, but it is evident that the action of the light on the coloring matter of the gem effects a deterioration, slow, but exceedingly sure.

In the case of the garnet and topaz the change is more rapid than in that of the ruby and sapphire, but there is a curious difference in the result in topaz and garnet, for while the latter grows lighter the former appears to become cloudy and dull in hue, losing much of the brightness characteristic of a newly cut gem.

For ages the opal has had the unenviable reputation of being the most unlucky of gems, and it is believed that the jewelers themselves were originally responsible for some of the superstitions and hard luck stories connected with it, since to the polishers and setters it is one of the most troublesome gems on their list.

Microtonists say that the prismatic colors and fire-of the opal are due to myriads of minute cracks in the body of the stone, the edges of which reflect the light at different angles and give the hues so much admired. A stone full of cracks is liable to split in two at any time, and disasters of this kind, especially in the process of grinding and polishing, have occurred so often that every gem polishing house has its store of hard luck stories in connection with the opal.

After the gem is set and sold the load is taken off the mind of the manufacturer and transferred to that of the wearer. Opals that have successfully passed the ordeals of grinding, polishing and setting do not often crack afterward, but it is best not to expose them to even the moderate heat involved by the wearer sitting in front of an open fire, for the opal is composed principally of silicic acid, with from 5 to 18 per cent of water, a combination which renders them very treacherous objects. The idea that they are otherwise unfortunate in the sense that they bring disaster to the wearer may be dismissed as superstitious.

Of all precious stones, however, the opal is the most open to be diseased.—New York Herald.

On a Business Basis.

The object of his affections lives way out in the suburbs, but true love laughs at distance as it does at a good many other impediments. He was out there every evening, most of the afternoons and not less than half the forenoons. Her father is very justly classed among the stern parents, as they are viewed from the standpoint of youth, and peremptorily called a halt.

"See here," he began after cornering the youth in the library. "This continuous performance business must stop. A young man like you should have something useful on hand and be laying the foundation for a successful career, but in any event you can't live here while you're only sleeping and eating at home. I won't have it, sir. My wife and daughter may be willing to adopt you, but I'm not. This thing of coming oftener than the mail man or the milkman or the grocer's wagon is played out."

"But I'm sincere and in earn"—

"Thunder and lightning, boy, don't I see that you're in earnest? That's the trouble. You're coming or going about all the time. I would be doing my plain duty to stop the whole business short off, but I've arbitrated with the women folks, and here's the plah. I'll give you 12 of these tickets. Each one is good for a single admission to this house. The dozen must do you for a month, no matter if you use them all the first week. A ticket has to be laid on my desk every time you call, and if there's any flimflamming, counterfeiting of tickets or any other attempt to beat the count the whole contract will be thereby canceled and you couldn't get in here with a jimmy."

The courtship, thus regulated, goes merrily on.—Detroit Free Press.

Stale Bread.

Americans are sometimes accused of having too great a fondness for hot bread and are told that stale bread is wholesome. If that is true, the Assyrian loaf that was recently discovered by a French explorer ought to be a particularly desirable bit of nourishment.

It is supposed to have been baked somewhere about the year 560 B. C. and was in excellent condition when found. He who should be fortunate or unfortunate enough to partake of that loaf ought not to be troubled with indigestion. It is sufficiently stale to suit the most rigid upholder of a careful system of diet.

The bread is bun shaped and was found wrapped in a cloth in a tightly sealed sarcophagus.

Some decidedly ancient loaves were found a few years ago at Pompeii. An oven, well preserved, was unearthed, and in it were resting several charred loaves, upon which the baker's name was still plainly to be seen.

The bakers of Pompeii made their loaves round, with indentations that permitted them to be broken into eight parts. Similar loaves are baked in the present day in Calabria and Sicily.—Youth's Companion.

Boston's Art Exhibition.

An art exhibition will be held in Boston in the spring in which will be examples of applied art, including designing, illustrating, engraving, printing, stone carving, pottery, electric and gas fixtures, lamps, iron, brass, bronze and other metal work, mural decorations, stained glass, furniture and many other things which are comprised in the category of arts and crafts. The exhibition will be open to New England exhibitors.

Queer Mail Matter.

"We run across some very queer things here sometimes," said one of the postoffice employees recently, "but I think the very queerest piece of mail matter I ever handled was one that was brought in three or four years ago by one of the collectors. He said when he opened the mail box he saw a loose stamp lying there and picked it up, supposing it had come loose from a letter. To his surprise he found a penny adhering to the gummy side and across the end—it was a 2 cent Columbian—was written the address in ink, very small, of course, but perfectly legible. That was all there was to it. The cent was the letter and the stamp served as an envelope. You couldn't imagine a more compact epistle."

"Did it carry all right?"

"I suppose so. The cent was stuck on tight, apparently, and as the address was a city one it probably held until delivered. I suppose it was sent partly as a joke and partly to test Uncle Sam's patience. It caused a great deal of comment in the office, and the boys all agreed it was one of the strangest pieces they had ever handled."—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Something to Know.

It may be worth something to know that the very best medicine for restoring the tired out nervous system to a healthy vigor is Electric Bitters. This medicine is purely vegetable, acts by giving tone to the nerve centres in the stomach, gently stimulates the Liver and Kidneys, and aids these organs in throwing off impurities in the blood. Electric Bitters improves the appetite, aids digestion and is is pronounced by those who have tried it as the very best blood purifier and nerve tonic. Try it. Sold for 50c. or $1.00 per bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Hood's Pills

Restore full, regular action of the bowels, do not irritate or inflame, but leave all the delicate digestive organism in perfect condition. Try them. 25 cents Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

1831 *Sixty-Eighth Year.* 1898

THE

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It will be seen that the difference between the cost of the COUNTRY GENTLEMAN and that of other agricultural weeklies may readily be reduced, by making up a small Club, to

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Send for Specimen Copies,

Which will be mailed Free, and see whether this enormous difference in cost should prevent your having the best. What account would you make of such a difference in buying medicine or food? Address,

LUTHER TUCKER & SON,
ALBANY, N. Y.

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Voorhees and Nelson.

Although the late Senator Voorhees of Indiana could give and receive hard blows in political warfare, he seldom cherished personal resentment. On one occasion the late Thomas H. Nelson, speaking in Terre Haute, chanced to see Voorhees in the audience. He immediately launched into a violent tirade against him and, after denouncing him as utterly vile and unworthy, remarked that he only wished "the miserable hireling" were there to see his picture painted. Nelson closed, and immediately hunted up Voorhees, whom he found in the hotel. With an innocent air Nelson pushed up to Voorhees and inquired if he had heard the speech. "Yes," responded Voorhees gravely, "but I was greatly disappointed. I came to hear arguments." "Well," retorted Nelson, "I will admit that I spent some time upon a poor subject." This was their nearest approach to a quarrel, and it ended in smoke, for they forthwith repaired to a cigar stand together.—New York Tribune.

Good Suggestion.

A short time ago, at the Liverpool Coliseum, an institution where poor children get free meals, a well known humorist gave one of his entertainments to the "colly kids," as the youngsters are called. At the close of the entertainment the chairman proposed a vote of thanks to the entertainer, who, in responding, said, "Mr. Chairman and colly kids"—

At this the chairman remarked, in an amusing manner, that "the girls didn't like being called colly kids."

The other gentleman then asked what he should call the girls, and a lad of 6 years yelled out from the back row, "Call 'em colly flowers, sir."—London Answers.

Sometimes a man gets credit for thoughtfulness and generosity by bringing his wife home a box of French candy and then eats four-fifths of it himself.—Somerville Journal.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
1 ℔ Jute		@	6¾
Standard		@	7¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℔ ℔	6	@	7½
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6	@	7½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	5½	@	5¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	5¾
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each		@	1 30
New City, each		@	1 30
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	22
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	6 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	10	@	16
Northern "	18	@	26
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks		@	46
Virginia Meal		@	46
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	90
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	10
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	11	@	10½
Dairy, Cream		@	11½
State		@	10
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	20	@	
Rio	8	@	11
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen		@	14
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel		@	3 75
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		@	7 00
N C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	3 35	@	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—			
Low grade		@	3 75
Choice		@	4 75
Straight		@	5 10
First Patent	5 35	@	5 50
GLUE—℔ ℔—	7½	@	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White,	11	@	47½
Car load, in bags—White,		@	46½
Oats, from store		@	33
Oats, Rust Proof		@	40
Cow Peas		@	65
HIDES, ℔ ℔—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔—			
Clover Hay	80	@	85
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	90
Western		@	85
North River	70	@	75
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	1½	@	2
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5½	@	6
North Carolina	6	@	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed), ℔ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	13 00	@	2000
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	13 00	@	32 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hhds		@	26
" in bbls		@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds		@	26
" in bbls		@	28
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@	14
" in bbls	14	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	12	@	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis		@	1 55
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	9 50	@	10 00
Rump		@	9 25
Prime		@	9 25
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	60
Lisbon		@	
American	40	@	60
On 195 ℔ Sacks		@	40
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	5 50
Common	1 80	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Grans'd		@	5¾
Standard A		@	5¼
White Ex. C		@	5
Extra C, Golden		@	4¾
C, Yellow		@	4
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	8 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	2 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 5x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x30 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔	7½	@	8
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	1 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	1 00
WOOL ℔ ℔—Unwashed	8	@	12

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, October 28.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market quiet at 28½ cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 38 cents for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 20 per bbl for Strained and $1 25 for Good Strained.

TAR—Market quiet at $1.10 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quiet; $1 40 per barrel for Hard, 1 90 for Yellow Dip and 1 90 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine nothing doing; rosin firm, $1 50, 1 55; tar, steady, $1.00; crude turpentine quiet, $1 80, 1 90, 1 80.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	115
Rosin	350
Tar	808
Crude Turpentine	19

Receipts same day last year—98 casks spirits turpentine, 375 bbls rosin, 258 bbls tar, 174 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market quiet on a basis of 5⅝c for middling. Quotations:

Ordmary	3 3-16	cts ℔
Good Ordinary	4¼	" "
Low Middling	5 3-16	" "
Middling	5⅝	" "
Good Middling	5⅞	" "

Same day last year, middling 7¼c.

Receipts—3,578 bales; same day last year 2,565.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 40@45c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 50c; Fancy, 55c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45@50c; Fancy, 55c.

CORN—Firm; 47½@50 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—$1.10@1.15 per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1 60 to 2.25; six inch, $2 25 to 3.25; seven inch, $3.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.00 to 8,50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28—Evening.—Money on call was easy at 1½@2 per cent., last loan at 2 and closed offered at 1½@2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange was steady; actual business in bankers' bills at 485¼@485¼ for demand; 489¼@483¾ for sixty days. Posted rates—not quoted. Commercial bills 481@481½. Silver certificates 58½@60. Government bonds were firm; new fours, registered, 127@127½; new fours, coupon, 128@128½; fours, registered, 113¾@118½; fours, coupon, 118¾@114½; twos, registered, 99; fives, registered, 114½@115; fives, coupon, 115¼@116. State bonds dull; North Carolina sixes 122; North Carolina fours 103

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—Rosin steady; strained common to good $1 40@1 45. Spirits turpentine quiet at 31½c.

CHARLESTON, Oct. 28.—Spirits turpentine firm at 28½c bid; sales—casks. Rosin firm; sales—barrels: A, B, C, D, $1 15, E $1 20, F $1 25, G $1 30, H $1 35, I, $1 40, K $1 65, M $1 85, N $2 80, W G $2 50; W W $2 90.

SAVANNAH, Oct. 28.—Spirits turpentine firm at 29¼c, with sales of 1,256 casks; receipts 1,726 casks. Rosin firm; sales 2,298 barrels; receipts 4,346 barrels: A, B, C, D $1 25, E, F $1 30, G $1 35, H $1 40, I $1 55, K $1 70, M $1 90, N $2 35, W G $2 60, W W $2 90.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK October 28.—After opening weak at a decline of 4 to 9 points the cotton market showed some irregularity but again turned steadier and advanced 4 to 9 points from the lowest price of the morning with the tone finally steady at a net decline of 4 to 5 points; total sales futures 150,900 bales. The early weakness was the result of decidedly disappointing cable accounts from the English market. Most traders here were expecting an advance of 2-64d at Liverpool. Instead of that the English market opened at an advance of about 2 points and promptly sold off and closed irregular at a net loss of 1¼ to 2¼ points. Later, however, the local market was influenced by low temperature in the cotton belt with threats of frost in northwestern and northern Texas and northern Louisiana and in Arkansas. At the same time it was claimed that the movement at the ports and at the interior would show

AN OPEN LETTER
To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now* Chas. H. Fletcher *on every bear the fac-simile signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. This is the original* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," *which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.* LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought* Chas. H. Fletcher *on the and has the signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

March 8, 1897. Samuel Pitcher M.D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which *even he* does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"

BEARS THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having

The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Dead Letters.

Just think of it—over 20,000 letters are sent to the dead letter office at Washington each day. They are from all sorts of people and from all parts of the world, and in many cases they contain money or valuable papers.

Twenty clerks are employed to open these letters, and it keeps them busy all the time. The object is to see if they contain money, money orders, checks or any other article of value. If they do, every effort is made to return them to the sender.

When a clerk finds money in a letter, he immediately writes the amount, the date and his name on the back of the envelope, and it is then sent to another clerk, who studies the letter to find some clew by which the money may be returned. Sometimes success crowns his efforts and sometimes the puzzle cannot be solved. The address on the envelope, the name of the examining clerk, the amount of money and the date are recorded, and the money is put aside for two years. At the end of that time, if no inquiry has been made for it, it is sent to the United States treasury, where the owner, by furnishing conclusive proof that it is his property, may redeem it any time within four years of the day the treasurer received it.—Chicago Record.

Wearing Out Needlessly.

Many people wear themselves out needlessly. Their conscience is a tyrant. An exaggerated sense of duty leads a person to anxious, ceaseless activity, to be constantly doing something, overpunctual, never idle a second of time, scorn to rest. Such are in unconscious nerve tension. They say they have no time to rest, they have so much to do, not thinking they are rapidly unfitting themselves for probably what would have been their best and greatest work in after years.—New York Ledger.

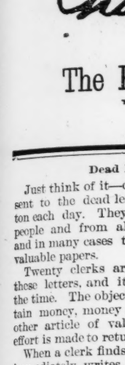
Thin Pocketbooks.

"While thin garments are uncomfortable in winter," said a philosopher, "they are in summer quite the reverse, but it is a curious characteristic of the thin pocketbook that it is equally uncomfortable at all times."—New York Sun.

Handel had one of the most phenomenal musical memories ever known. He knew by heart over 50 operas from beginning to end.

Oliver Cromwell had the largest brain on record. It weighed a little over 60 ounces, but was found to be diseased.

Who can measure the influence of a



Mother!

It lasts through all ages and enters the confines of eternity. With what care, therefore, should she be guarded and how great the effort be to make her life happy.

Mother's Friend

makes child-birth easy, assists nature in its sublime effort, leaves the Mother stronger after than before confinement, and robs the trying hour of its terror. No Mother can afford to neglect its use.

Of druggists at $1.00, or sent by express on receipt of price. Write for book containing valuable information for all Mothers, mailed free.

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For Lightness, Swiftness and Strength it is Unsurpassed.

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POZZONI'S Complexion POWDER

REMAINS ALWAYS THE SAME.

The finest, purest and most beautifying toilet powder ever made. It is soothing, healing, healthful and harmless: and when rightly used IS INVISIBLE. If you have never tried

POZZONI'S

you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.

RANDOM READING.

To find green places by the dusty way,
To catch a glimpse of hazy, boundless blue
Inlaid with glittering streaks of starry hue,
Where, on the faroff billows, sunbeams play,
In somber shade through woodland walks to stray,
Close woven foliage veiling all the view,
And spy a dappled brook the branches through—
These sudden joys enchant a summer day.
But for the cheerless days when nature grieves
And earth is dead, where shall such joy be sought,
Though winds be wailing round the wintry eaves?
This, to the spirit, with like bliss is fraught—
Of some untrodden book to part the leaves,
And, roaming through, seize many a shining thought.

—Dora Cave in New York Tribune.

A TRAVELER IN FRANCE.

What He Saw, Did and Heard In a Railway Carriage.

He was traveling in France, and he had comforted himself down in the corner of a first class railway compartment. He was alone in the carriage. The train, which was just on the point of starting, would run four hours without stopping.

"Four hours' quiet, uninterrupted reading," he told himself, "accompanied by a fat cigar."

And he purred at the prospect of reading and smoking—and smoking undisturbed by the quibbles of chance acquaintances. And he did everything so easily, so elegantly. He was a gentleman—an American gentleman.

He placed a handful of papers by his side. He produced a jeweled cigar case from his breast pocket. He put a cigar between his lips. He closed the case with a snap and returned it to its resting place—slowly, calmly. From his trousers pocket he produced a pearl penknife, with which he clipped the cigar and then returned the knife to its resting place—calmly, slowly. From his waistcoat pocket—what a host of pockets men have, to be sure!—he produced a silver matchbox and struck a light.

The guard blew his whistle.

In dashed a young lady all breathless. She scrambled into the seat opposite the gentleman.

The gentleman paused. The gentleman swore, but the young lady did not hear him.

The train glided out of the station.

The young lady arranged her skirts, and as she did she saw the match burn to the end. She saw the match fall from the gentleman's hand. She saw the cigar case produced, the cigar replaced among its fragrant companions and the case returned to the pocket.

She chuckled—almost aloud.

He swore—almost aloud.

He buried himself in his paper.

She laughed outright.

He looked up. And what did he see?

He saw a little, neatly gloved hand find its way into a tailor made skirt pocket. He saw the hand embracing the daintiest of little cigarette cases and a gold matchbox en suite. He saw a cigarette between the first and second fingers of the left hand and a match between the finger and thumb of the right.

And what did he hear?

"I hope monsieur does not object to smoke."—Boston Budget.

An Expert In Stale Lager.

A well known newspaper man was once a witness in the police court in a case in which a saloon keeper was charged with selling lager beer during the prohibition era. Captain Tom Glenn appeared for the defendant. The reporter was placed on the stand for the prosecution. The witness testified to having tasted the beer, which was being sold under the name of "rice beer," after it was brought to the police station and swore to the best of his judgment that it was stale lager beer.

Captain Glenn took the witness and smiled confidently as he asked:

"You say it was stale lager beer you tasted?" placing a heavy emphasis on the word "stale."

"Yes, sir."

"Isn't it true that people who drink lager beer always drink it fresh?"

"Yes, sir, that is true."

"Then tell the court how you ever became an expert on stale beer."

The question seemed a clincher, but the reporter composedly replied:

"When I was a youth, my father used to keep keg beer at home in summer, and on account of my age did not allow me to drink it. When the keg became flat or stale, it was rolled under the woodshed and a fresh one put on tap. I would go to the woodshed at the eventide and partake freely of what was left in the discarded kegs. In fact, you might say, Captain Glenn, that I was raised on stale lager beer."

The witness was told to "come down."—Atlanta Constitution.

Not the Man.

An old negro strolled up to the window of the commissioner of registration in a western city recently and made application for registration papers.

"What is your name?" asked the commissioner.

"George Washington."

"Well, George, are you the man who cut down the cherry tree?"

"No, sah, boss; no, sah, I ain't the man. I ain't done no work fo' nigh on to a yeah."—Washington Post.

Magnanimity.

Magnanimity is never coupled with weakness. The large soul that embraces all mankind in love and sympathy, that is tender, compassionate and generous, is also strong, resolute and firm whenever principle, justice and truth are concerned. There is no cruelty like that of weakness; there is no power and courage and energy like those of true magnanimity.—New York Ledger.

Teachers In Japan.

According to the official reports of the Japanese government, the island empire contains 65,590 teachers.—Chicago Chronicle.

FANNY KEMBLE.

A Reminiscence of the Famous Actress Who Hated All Men.

As one looks back over a period of 10 or 19 years on the people who have crossed one's path in that time, what a strangely confused mass of images appears! Some are of absorbing interest, others very much the reverse, but all alike, from sheer force of numbers, are blurred and indistinct. Tonight some of these passing figures have disentangled themselves from the crowd and become clear and vivid. Let me try to photograph them—it will only be a snapshot—before they fade into the mists again.

First I see a small and somewhat fierce old lady of a wonderfully dignified presence. The scene is a mountain hotel high in the Alps. I can hear the waterfall behind it now and the tinkling of the cowbells and distinctly remember my fright on being presented to the aforesaid old lady by the kind hostess with whom both she and I were staying in these words: "Mr. Kemble, this young woman is a great friend of mine."

A pair of piercing eyes scanned my face, and there was a terrible pause before a deep, tragic voice made the embarrassing reply, "Is she a good young woman?"

It was somewhat difficult to call up the right expression at such short notice, but I looked as good as I could, and something else fortunately distracting her attention my morals were not further gone into on that occasion.

There was something regal, something of the stage queen, in Fanny Kemble's appearance, and her entrance into the table d'hote room of an evening might, from its ceremonious dignity, have been that of a sovereign into the throneroom. How she terrified us all, and how she snubbed us all in turn, especially the old gentlemen of the party, until not one of them could be got to sit next her at table! She hated all men, we were told, for the sake of the husband she had separated from long ago. Any of the small courtesies of society offered by them were resented as insults, and well do I recollect one of the most courteous of men saying to her one night at dinner, "Do you think, Mrs. Kemble, that we could get up a rubber of whist this evening?" and her cutting reply across the table, "I don't know if you can; I can't."

She had a great fancy for bilberries and complained that we young people never thought it worth while to bring in any fruit except Alpine strawberries, so my brother and I, wishing to give the old lady a treat, gathered a great basketful and presented them to her. Unfortunately she was not in a good mood that day, and we were well snubbed for our pains. Poor Fanny Kemble! The troubles of life had imbittered her, but there was much that was lovable when she let her better nature have play, and I can recall unexpected softness at parting which gave a glimpse of the kind feeling within. She may have been pretty as a young woman, but there was no trace of beauty when I met her, though the remains of considerable grace of manner and gesture.—Chambers' Journal.

The Pig Was Stolen.

Whether "a lie well told and stuck to afterward is as good as the truth" was debated at the dinner table where a man was sitting one day, and it brought out the following story from a rather dyspeptic looking man, who had eaten very sparingly:

"I used to live in the country," said he. "One of my neighbors, an unlucky, unthrifty sort of a man, killed a pig one day with the aid of a local butcher. 'By jinks, Sam, I hate to cut up that pig.' 'Why?' 'Cause, you see, I'm owin most everybody here a piece of pork, and if I cut up the pig I'll have to give most of him away.' 'I tell you what to do,' said the butcher. 'What's that?' 'I'd have the pig hung up outdoors till 12 o'clock at night, then take him in and give out the next morning that he's been stolen.' 'By jinks, I'll do it.'

"It was a wonderfully fine plan, the farmer thought, and he left the pig hanging out, as the butcher suggested.

"At 11 o'clock the butcher himself came along and packed the pork into his cart. It was not there when the farmer went out after it.

"The next day, with a long face, he addressed the butcher in a hoarse whisper: 'I say, Sam, somebody did really steal that.' 'That's right,' said the butcher, nudging him and winking wickedly at the same time. 'But, by jinks, the pig was really stolen.' 'That's right. You stick to that and you'll be all right,' said the butcher encouragingly, and he hurried off, leaving his friend in a most bewildered state of mind, from which I don't think he ever fully emerged."—Pearson's Weekly.

OUR SUPERIOR RAILWAYS.

German Commissioners Compare, to the Favor of America.

Americans are proud of the convenience, speed and cheap rates of their railroads, and they have reason to be. This is admitted in the report on our system of traveling made by the German imperial commissioners, who have looked over our railroads. Insular and continental Europe alike use the compartment cars, and to this stagecoach system is due a large part of the inconvenience and even danger of European travel.

If the European trains made American time, the carriages would rock and roll like a ship in a heavy sea. As it is, they are not nearly so easy and even riding as the American trains.

Sleeping car rates in the United States at $1.50 and $2 are considered high by some people here, but in Europe a single bed, with fewer conveniences, costs $2.15.

The European baggage system is simply infernal. There is no through checking, and the passenger is supposed to look after his own baggage at every point of transfer. Our accident insurance arrangements in the stations, free time tables, bureaus of information and methods of selling newspapers, fruits, candies and food are commended by the German commissioners.

There is one thing in the world worse than the light furnished by the New York elevated railroad light, and this is the light in European trains.

The lack of speed in the continental, and especially the German locomotives, is due, first, to the inferior make, and, second, to the fact that the engines are used until used up. The American idea of getting the best and highest out of the locomotives, and then setting them aside for new ones containing the latest devices, is wastefulness in the eyes of the thrifty Germans.

The sale of American locomotives is not pushed as it might be in foreign lands. A Chemnitz firm has sold 117 locomotives to Java and is building branch shops in Russia.

From New York to Chicago, 969 miles, is a 24 hour journey. From Leipsic to Rome, 945 miles, it takes 85 hours. Any number of similar comparisons can be made, all of them in favor of American railroads.—New York Press.

He Remembered.

It is said that no man ever had a more marvelous memory for faces than Henry Clay. The instances given to prove this are numberless.

On one occasion he was on his way to Jackson, Miss., and the cars stopped for a short time at Clinton. Among the crowd who pressed forward was one vigorous old man who insisted that Mr. Clay would recognize him. He had lost one eye.

"Where did I know you?" asked Mr. Clay, fixing a keen glance on this man.

"In Kentucky," was the reply.

"Had you lost your eye before then, or have you lost it since?" was the next question.

"Since," answered the old man.

"Turn the sound side of your face to me so I can see your profile," said Mr. Clay peremptorily, and the man obeyed. "I have it!" said Mr. Clay after a moment's scrutiny of the profile. "Didn't you give me a verdict as juror at Frankfort, Ky., in the famous case of the United States versus Innis 21 years ago?"

"Yes, sir!" cried the old man, trembling with delight.

"And isn't your name Hardwicke?" queried Mr. Clay after another minute.

"I told you he'd remember me!" cried the old man, turning to the crowd. "He never forgets a face, never forgets a face!"—Youth's Companion.

Scissors are machine made, the blades being cut separately from plates of steel, then ground, fitted and riveted by hand.

Learn to hold thy tongue. Five words cost Zacharias 40 weeks of silence.—Fuller.

SCHOOLTEACHERS.

The Trials, as a Class, to Which They Are Subjected.

Is there any other class on which the community makes demands so severe as in case of teachers, public or private? No physician is expected to cure all his patients. There comes a time when every one of them, no matter how carefully tended, passes beyond his reach. No lawyer saves all his clients. No clergyman or revivalist exhibits an unbroken phalanx of saints. Yet the teacher, who constantly has to compete with the influence of the streets, often with that of the home, is expected in his five or six hours a day to accomplish more than all the sources of evil can undo and to bring out all his pupils blameless and complete, soul, body and grammar. Mme. Roland once defined marriage as an institution where one person was expected to provide happiness for two, but a shcool is an institution where one person is expected to provide joy, peace and the multiplication table for at least 40. Surely this is a cruel requirement. No maxim is more formidable than that German proverb brought home many years ago by Horace Mann, "As is the teacher, so is the school." It would be quite as true to say, "As are the parents, so is the school," or, "As are the grandparents, so is the school," since these relatives created the brain cells and the moral fiber of each set of pupils, and the teacher takes these ingredients and makes the best he can of them.

Take the simple test of language. A speaker of the United States house of representatives not now living once said to me in his own sacred desk, "I ought to have went to that lecture." He had been reared in the public schools, and had all his life been editor, public speaker or office-holder, yet with this grammatical—or ungrammatical—result. I have heard an eminent professor of English say to his own pupils in the recitation room many years since, "I have spoke of." These sins against good grammatical morals do not prove that these distinguished persons had not attended good schools or paid attention to the instruction. They simply showed that other influences had counterbalanced these. Probably these influences were in the home. As a rule, the child of a well taught mother, even if never going to school, will speak better English than the child of an ungrammatical mother going to school steadily up to the age of 15. Why, then, lay all the blame for errors upon the unfortunate teacher?—Harper's Bazar.

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Schedule in Effect May 30, 1897.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3 00 p m, arrives Lumberton 5 38 p m, Pembroke 5 48 p m, Maxton 6 12 p m, Laurinburg 6 28 p m, Hamlet 6 58 p m. Connects at Hamlet with train 41 for Charlotte and Atlanta, and with train 403 for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9 20 a m, arrives Weldon 11 41 a m, Raleigh 3 30 p m, Sanford 5 03 p m, Hamlet 6 55 p m, Rockingham 7 30 p m, Wadesboro 8 11 p m, Monroe 9 12 p m, Charlotte 10 15 p m, Athens 3 45 a m and Atlanta 6 30 a m. Connection at Weldon with train from Richmond and all Northern points. Pullman sleeper, Portsmouth to Nashville, Tenn.

Train 402—Leaves Washington 4 10 p m, Richmond 8 56 p m, Portsmouth 8 45 p m. Arrives Weldon 11 10 p m, Raleigh 2 07 a m, Sanford 3 35 a m, Hamlet 5 10 a m, Rockingham 5 25 a m, Wadesboro 5 54 a m, Monroe 6 43 a m, Charlotte 7 50 a m, Lincolnton 10 30 a m, Shelby 11 a m, Rutherfordton 12 30 noon, Asheville 1 15 p m, Atlanta 3 50 p m. Connections at Atlanta for all points South and West. Pullman Sleeper, Washington to Atlanta, and Portsmouth to Chester.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8 30 a m, Arrives Laurinburg 9 40 a m, Maxton 9 05 a m, Pembroke 9 31 a m, Lumberton 9 53 a m, Wilmington 12 05 noon. Connects at Hamlet with trains from Washington, Portsmouth, Charlotte and Atlanta.

Train 403—Leaves Atlanta 1 10 p m. Arrives Athens 3 16 p m, Monroe 9 20 p m. Leaves Rutherfordton 4 38 p m. Arrives Shelby 6 58 p m, Lincolnton 6 56 p m, Charlotte 8 18 p m, Monroe 9 10 p m, Wadesboro 9 31 p m, Rockingham 10 05 p m, Hamlet 11 20 p m, Sanford 1 09 a m, Raleigh 2 16 a m, Weldon 4 05 a m, Portsmouth 7 35 a m, Richmond 8 18 a m, Washington 10 31 noon. Pullman sleepers, Atlanta to Washington, and Chester to Portsmouth.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7 15 p m; arrives Gibson 8 10 p m. Returning, leaves Gibson 7 00 a m; arrives Hamlet 7 50 a m.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8 40 a m; arrives Cheraw 10 00 a m. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5 00 p m; arrives Hamlet 6 20 p m.

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CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In Effect October 10th, 1897.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2. Daily.
Leave Wilmington	8 00 a m
Arrive Fayetteville	11 10 "
Leave Fayetteville	11 21 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	11 38 "
Leave Sanford	12 56 p m
Leave Climax	3 49 "
Arrive Greensboro	5 30 "
Leave Greensboro	5 30 "
Leave Stokesdale	6 18 "
Leave Walnut Cove	4 49 "
Leave Rural Hall	5 19 "
Arrive Mt Airy	6 45 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1. Daily.
Leave Mt Airy	8 40 a m
Leave Rural Hall	10 04 "
Leave Walnut Cove	10 33 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 06 "
Arrive Greensboro	11 55 "
Leave Greensboro	12 15 p m
Leave Climax	12 48 "
Leave Sanford	2 30 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	3 56 "
Arrive Fayetteville	4 00 "
Leave Fayetteville	4 10 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 30 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4. Daily.
Leave Bennettsville	8 00 a m
Arrive Maxton	9 02 "
Leave Maxton	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 25 "
Leave Hope Mills	10 20 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No 3. Daily.
Leave Fayetteville	4 45 p m
Leave Hope Mills	5 09 "
Leave Red Springs	5 43 "
Arrive Maxton	6 11 "
Leave Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. Mixed. Daily Ex. Sunday.
Leave Ramseur	6 40 a m
Leave Climax	8 35 "
Arrive Greensboro	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. Mixed. Daily Ex. Sunday.
Leave Madison	12 55 p m
Leave Stokesdale	1 35 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 45 "
Leave Greensboro	3 29 "
Leave Climax	4 20 "
Arrive Ramseur	5 05 "

LOCAL FREIGHT TRAIN No. 8.

Leave Wilmington 3 55 p m.

Arrive Fayetteville 12.35 p. m. Passenger coach attached to this train.

CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with Norfolk & Western Railway.

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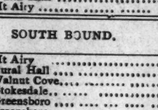

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ONEIDA, Saturday, Oct. 23
CROATAN, Saturday, Oct. 30

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN, Saturday, Oct. 23
ONEIDA, Saturday, Oct. 30

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CROATAN, Tuesday, Oct. 19
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ATLANTIC COAST LINE

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT SEPTEMBER 12, 1897.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.35 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.59 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 11.58 a m, Wilson 12.48 p m, Rocky Mount 1.20 p m, Tarboro 2.36 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.04 p m, Richmond 6.50 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.58 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.55 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.06 p m, †Tarboro 6.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.57 p m, Weldon 1.44 a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 3.34 a m, Richmond 4.30 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.25 a m, New York 2.03 p m, Boston 9.00 p m.

DAILY except Sunday 2 00 p m — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 3 58 p m, Newbern 5 20 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 4.00 P M — No. 58—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 5.09 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, Marion 6.43 p m, Florence 7.35 p m, Sumter 8.43 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 8.30 a m, Augusta 8.30 a m, Macon 11.30 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.50 p m, Savannah 2.40 a m, Jacksonville 8.30 a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 6.45 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.05 p m, *New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 3.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.12 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.08 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.30 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.00 p m, Baltimore 3.25 p m, Washington 5.45 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 3.20 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.01 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.30 a m, Goldsboro 7.01 a m, Warsaw 7.58 a m, Magnolia 8.05 a m.

DAILY except Sunday 12 40 p m — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9 30 a m, Jacksonville 10 40 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 p m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.00 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 6 35 p m Savannah 12.50 night, Charleston 5.30 a m, Columbia 5.50 a m, Atlanta 8.30 a m, Macon 9.30 a m, Augusta 3.05 p m, Denmark 4.55 p m, Sumter 6.45 a m,, Florence 8.55 a m, Marion 9.34 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 4.28 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.30 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7.55 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 56 a m, Greenville 8.52 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 18a m, Weldon 11 38 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.30 a m and 3

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, OCT. 29, 1897

CONCERNING CUBA.

The Spanish Reply to Minister Woodford's Note Will be Laid Before President McKinley's Cabinet To-day.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, October 28.—The Spanish reply to Minister Woodford's note concerning Cuba, which was received here yesterday, will be laid before the cabinet at the regular meeting to-morrow. Meanwhile, the members of the President's official family have not seen the message. It has, however, been talked of informally between the President and several of the cabinet ministers, and it may be stated positively that the administration regards the note, so far as its tenor is revealed by the abstract cabled by Mr. Woodford, as being conciliatory, and as not calculated to breed an issue. It can also be stated that gratification is felt that the answer was forthcoming within so short a period of time after the delivery of Mr. Woodford's note, having regard to the intervention of the Spanish cabinet crisis and change. The acts already performed by the new cabinet towards a correction of some of the evils of which we complain in Cuba are regarded as an earnest of the intention of the Spanish government to faithfully carry out the entire reform programme, and if there should be a speedy alleviation of the frightful condition of the unfortunate reconcentradoes in Cuba through a prompt reversation of Weyler's centration order, it is felt that our government will have little further to ask.

33D DEGREE MASONS.

Election of Officers of the Supreme Council for the Southern and Western Jurisdiction.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., October 28.—The Supreme Council of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite Thirty-third Degree Masons for the Southern and Western Masonic jurisdiction of the United States of America, held its 98th annual session yesterday.

The election of officers resulted as follows: Grand Commander, John Jones, Chicago; Lieutenant Grand Commander, Richard F. Green, New York; Grand Chancellor, C. W. Newton; Minister of State, W. L. Kimburg, of Texas; Grand Auditor, R. J. Fletcher, of Sacramento; Grand Secretary-General, D. Seville, of Washington, D. C.; Grand Treasurer-General, W. R. Morris, of Minneapolis; Grand Marshal, Spencer N. Gilmore, of Providence; Assistant Grand Auditor, James Hill, of Jackson, Miss.; Assistant Secretary, General E. Pettitbone, of Grenada, Miss.

The next annual convention will be held in Omaha in October 1898.

GERMAN STEAMER POLARIA.

No Change in the Condition of the Vessel Ashore Off Cape Henry.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NORFOLK, VA., Oct. 28.—There has been no change since morning in the condition of the German steamer Polaria, ashore at Cape Henry. The Merritt Wrecking Company has a lighter along side and is making preparations to float the vessel. This may require several days and possibly the discharging of her valuable cargo of cotton, cotton seed meal and coffee. There is a considerable hole in the bottom of the ship, but she is not thought to be in immediate danger, as she is resting easy and the surf has subsided. This morning, after several attempts, the life-saving crew succeeded in getting a boat to the steamer and took off the only passenger aboard. The crew of thirty-four men remained aboard.

LATER.—The Polaria was floated at 8 30 p. m. by the Merritt Wrecking Company's crew and towed to this city.

THE INDIAN TROUBLES.

Troops from Denver Gone to the Scene of the Reported Difficulty.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, October 28.—Adjutant General Breck has received the following report from General Otis, commanding the Department of Colorado, as to the Indian troubles there:

"DENVER, COL., Oct. 28.—To Adjutant General: Duchesne's telegram of last night says fifty Uncompahgres, 125 Unitas and White Mountain Indians are absent from reservation on hunting expedition. No information at agency regarding reported engagements with Colorado officials, and matters are quiet there. Wright's troops left this morning for the scene of the reported difficulty, and the Logan cavalry squadron is ready and will proceed to Duchesne if necessary. Reliable information should be received to-day. The heavy snow storm which has prevailed throughout this section of the country makes telegraphic communication and railway travel difficult. The Prince and Duchesne wagon road is well nigh impracticable for infantry."

LIFE SAVING SERVICE.

Many of the Stations Along the Coast Damaged by the Recent Storm.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, October 28.—Superintendent Kimball, of the life saving service, has received letters from a number of the keepers of life saving stations along the coast where the storm has been raging, showing that many of the stations were damaged by the storm. The keepers state that the storm was the worst known in twenty years. The station at Cobb's Island, Virginia, was the most badly damaged. The Wachapreague station, not far from Cobb's Island, was also badly damaged.

Superintendent Kimball does not think it will be necessary to build a new station at Cobb's Island. The damage can be repaired and the station used for the remainder of the season. Some of the boats and life saving paraphernalia at the different stations were lost.

DRY GOODS MAKRET.

Tendency Towards Weakness Reported in All Cotton Lines.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, October 28.—The dry goods market is still quiet, with a tendency toward weakness reported in nearly all cotton lines, and the demand for both cotton and woollens being somewhat lighter than has previously been the case. In spring dress goods the market is comparatively strong, but without feature in any grade. Staple cottons still show unsatisfactory results although sellers are very much easier to deal with than has hereforore been the case.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

YELLOW FEVER RECORD.

NO IMPROVEMENT IN THE SITUATION AT NEW ORLEANS.

Yesterday a Record Breaker in the Number of New Cases and Deaths—Very Little Change at Montgomery and Mobile—No New Cases at Selma—No Abatement at Infected Points in Mississippi and Tennessee.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW ORLEANS, October 28.—To-day's record of new cases of yellow fever and deaths has not worked any material change in the fever situation, which, while not as bright as it might be, is not regarded by the Board of Health officials as alarming. In the matter of fatalities the unfavorable weather militates against the patients, though in comparison with the cases under treatment the death rate is not excessive. The first reports received this morning by the Board of Health indicated that the situation was improving somewhat, but later it appeared as though the day would be a record-breaker in the matter of new cases. There was a lull, however, and the situation remains unchanged. Everything is being done to isolate the cases. It is noticed that the disease has been spreading among children whose ages range from four to fourteen years. The Board of Health officials are having more work than they can attend to and the disinfecting corps cannot fumigate premises as rapidly as is desired.

The Board of Health officially reports: Cases of yellow fever to-day, 65; deaths to-day, eight; total cases of fever to date, 1 885; total deaths of yellow fever to date, 164; total cases absolutely recovered, 688; total cases under treatment, 539.

MOBILE, ALA., Oct. 28.—The Board of Health this evening announces four deaths, six new cases and three recoveres as to-day's yellow fever record.

Four new cases of yellow fever are reported at Flomation, Ala.; nineteen are under treatment.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., Oct., 28.—The official report of the Board of Health to-day gives twelve new cases. Previously reported seventy-seven. There has not been a death for three days.

Dr. Carter, of the Marine Hospital Service, who is here in charge of fumigation, to night in an interview, says there is no possible danger of the disease spreading from the original infected district; that the sporadic cases in different parts of the city do not establish new foci.

The official report of fever from Selma says there are no new cases; two discharged, four under treatment.

JACKSON, Miss., October 28.—One new case of fever here to-day and one death; five new cases at Edwards and vicinity and one at Cayuga.

Nitta Yuma reports no new cases and all of the patients doing well.

Bay St. Louis reports twelve new cases.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., October 28.—Eight new cases and two deaths is to day's yellow fever record in this city.

MARINE DISASTERS.

Schooner Twohy Towed Into Beaufort Leaking—Rescued Five of the Crew of a Brig Lost Off Hatteras.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

RALEIGH, N. C., October 28.—A special to the *News and Observer* from Beaufort says the schooner John Twohy, Captain Stevenson, from Port Tampa bound for New York with a cargo of phosphate rock, sprung a leak off Cape Lookout light. She was making 3,000 strokes an hour when the pumps broke down. She is now in harbor, but will have to be towed to her destination.

Captain Stevenson reports that on the 25th he sighted a yawl boat with seven men in it. The sea was high and a fierce gale was blowing. The boat in attempting to get along side the vessel was capsized and two men were drowned. The remaining five were rescued in an exhausted condition, having been in the yawl boat twenty hours. The men were the crew of the American brig Stacy Clark, of Boston, bound from Newport News to Charleston, with coal. She was lost seventy-five miles south of Hatteras on October 24th. The two men drowned were Captain Benson and Mate Sanders.

NORFOLK, Va., October 28.—The Helen V. Paulding, four-masted schooner, Capt. Sweeney, loaded with 4,000 000 feet of lumber, bound from Darien, Ga., to New York, arrived in Hampton Roads to-day. She reports having encountered the northeaster off Hatteras Tuesday. Two of her crew, Hans Christiansen, a Swede and John Overman, of Jersey City, were lost and all of her deck load and one mast were swept overboard. Christiansen fell from the rigging and was swept overboard before he could be reached. Overman was hurled against a stanchion and while insensible was also swept into the sea. The schooner cast two anchors, neither of which held. She finally reached Hampton Roads, where she will refit and then proceed to New York.

BRYAN IN OHIO.

Meetings Largely Attended—The Silver Question Discussed and the Records of McKinley and Hanna Reviewed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CINCINNATI, October 28.—The meetings of W. J. Bryan to-day and to-night were at Mount Vernon, Newark and Shawnee, and were all largely attended. Mr. Bryan discussed the silver question at all his meetings and also reviewed the records of President McKinley and Senator Hanna. He said the first six months of the McKinley administration were the most disastrous in the history of the country. He charged Senator Hanna with hostility to labor interests and also with being the chief conspirator in the Presidential campaign of last year, when the result was due to the twin agents of fraud and coercion and is traceable to the money powers of this and other countries.

Mr. Bryan warned his hearers against frauds in Ohio. He said the Democrats got as many votes in Ohio last November as they expected, but that the Republicans got many more than there was any reason to expect.

ALASKA ADVICES.

Secretary Alger's Order Creating a Military Reservation—No Exaggeration as to the Richness of the Territory.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

TACOMA, Wash., October 28.—Capt. J. C. Barr, superintendent of the North American Transportation and Trading Company's boats on the Yukon, arrived from St. Michaels to-day and says Secretary Alger's order creating a military reservation at the mouth of the Yukon is probably the result of the recommendation of Capt. Ray, who found a very lawless spirit manifest at St. Michaels when he was there in August. Captain Barr thinks the order will result in the maintenance of free trade on the river and the securing to everybody of equal rights. At present, Lieutenant Colonel Randall with his force of twenty-six men has absolutely no power. Captain Barr, who has spent five years on the Yukon and is probably better posted than any man in the territory, says there can hardly be any exaggeration as to the richness of the interior of Alaska.

Captain W. C. Wise has been ordered to Norfolk, Va., as captain of the navy-yard there, relieving Captain A. H. McCormick, who continues on duty as a member of the armor board.

TAMMANY DEMOCRATS.

THE FIRST LARGE MEETING OF THE MAYORALTY CAMPAIGN.

Richard Croker Roundly Hissed—Speech by Hon. Jas. B. Eustis—No Mention of the Silver Question—Decisive Action on the Cuban Trouble Demanded.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, October 28.—Richard Croker was roundly hissed in Tammany Hall to-night, at the first large meeting of the campaign where the Tammany manager has made his appearance. It was the big meeting attended by Mayor Carter Harrison, of Chicago, and three hundred Cook county Democratic leaders. It was Croker's plan to bring them here. He was chairman of the committee that welcomed them and he sat proudly on the platform, smiling upon his guests when the meeting opened. The audience was a highly enthusiastic one. Mayor Harrison was on the platform and the Chicago delegation occupied front seats in the body of the hall. Owing to the repeated interruptions at the Tammany gatherings, care was taken to keep Henry George shouters out of the hall. Former Ambassador James B. Eustis was cheered when he rose to speak, and during the delivery of his speech he was liberally applauded. The Chicago men were warmly greeted by the crowds in the galleries. There was renewed cheering when Mayor Harrison appeared on the platform accompanied by Richard Croker.

One of the most remarkable things that has ever occurred at Tammany Hall took place just then.

Some one called for three cheers for Richard Croker. The response was a storm of hisses that swept over the hall. Not a cheer was given, and the man who called for them thought he would try again. In a very loud voice he called again for three cheers for Richard Croker. There was a feeble response this time, but the cheers were drowned by hissing. Croker heard the expressions of disapproval for himself and he retired to a seat far back on the stage.

James B. Eustis, former ambassador to France, was the first speaker. He did not mention the silver question or the Chicago platform. Referring to the campaign of 1900 he said the tariff question would be an overshadowing issue, while the Cuban question might reach an acute stage. Dealing with the Cuban troubles, Mr. Eustis continued: The Democratic party now demands decisive action upon this Cuban question. It has always sympathized with an oppressed people struggling for their freedom. The Democratic party knows that our government had its origin in a colonial revolt against a mother government. It does not ask this administration to violate its treaty obligations or to disregard its neutrality laws, but it does ask that the moral weight and sympathy of this great government shall be on the side of the insurgents and not on the side of the Spanish government. It will repudiate any shiftting, hesitating or vacillating policy upon the Cuban question by this administration. Our navy was not built to play the role of police officer to the government of Spain. Our forefathers, in their struggle for independence, welcomed filibustering expeditions to our shores. Spain must remember that Americans have erected monuments to the memory of the most illustrious filibuster that the world has produced, and that his name is venerated at every American fireside—I mean Gen. LaFayette.

RESEMBLES HIS PARENTS.

A Son Born to the Household of Ex-President Grover Cleveland.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PRINCETON, N. J., October 28.—A son was born to the household of Grover Cleveland, former President of the United States, at noon to-day, and it is said that the new-comer resembles his parents in points of good health, but neither Mr. Cleveland nor the three family physicians will say anything in regard to the new-comer other than that he is getting along nicely and is a fine boy. All the afternoon Mr. Cleveland has received at his home the many callers who wished to pay their respects to him in honor of the occasion. Some have congratulated the ex-President personally, but many preferred to leave their cards with congratulation and best wishes for mother and son. A great many telegrams of congratulations were received. Among the first to proffer congratulations by wire were Joseph Jefferson, E. C. Benedict, former Secretary Thurber and former Secretary Carlisle.

Princeton undergraduates have taken a great interest in the new Princetonian. The fact that a Cleveland heir was born was announced during the 'Varsity practice this afternoon. There was a large gathering of undergraduates on the field watching the 'Varsity and scrub teams practice. When the announcement was made three Princeton cheers were given for the boy, three for the mother and three more for the father. It is probable that the undergraduates will serenade former President Cleveland and his heir at some future date. On the college bulletin board in front of Reunion Hall was posted this notice:

"Grover Cleveland, Jr., arrived to-day at 12 o'clock. Will enter Princeton with the class of 1916, and will play centre rush on the championship football teams of 1916, '17, '18 and '19."

The new baby's sisters are Ruth, Esther and Marion, whose ages are seven, five and three years.

HARRISON'S DELEGATION.

Chicago Democrats in New York to Help Elect Tammany's Candidate.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, October 28.—Carter Harrison and the delegation of Chicago Democrats who came here to help elect Tammany's candidate for Mayor, arrived to-night.

Questioned concerning former Governor Altgeld's approval of Henry George as the exponent of Democracy, the Mayor answered: "Gov. Altgeld has a right to his opinion and I have a right to mine. He thinks that Henry George is the true representative of Democracy and I think that Van Wyck is. I have been successful in electing mayors," he added, "and I consider myself a mascotte. Taggart, of Indianapolis, and Dudley, of Nashville, were elected; I consider the election of Weaver, in Louisville, a dead-sure thing, and I have no doubt that Van Wyck will win."

THE OHIO CAMPAIGN.

Secretary Sherman Says It is a Re-Trial of the Issues in the Election of 1896.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—Secretary of State Sherman has written a letter to the editor of the Cincinnati *Volksblat* about the importance of the political contest now raging in Ohio, in the course of which he says:

"My chief regret is that I cannot personally participate in the campaign, as by a usage carefully observed from the days of Jefferson to this time the Secretary of State is precluded from actively sharing in political discussions other than on foreign affairs. I look upon the pending canvass in Ohio as a re-trial of the issues involved in the election of 1896. State issues, if any, do not seem to be the subject of debate."

General Weyler will leave Havana tomorrow on the steamer Montzra. He will be accompanied only by his general staff of officers and aides-de-camp.

GREATER NEW YORK.

Henry George Supplying Much of the "Ginger" for the Municipal Campaign—Tracy and Low also Doing a Great Deal of Talking.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, October 28.—Henry George is supply the greater part of the "ginger" that is being consumed in the municipal campaign. His allegations touching the integrity of the recognized chiefs of both the leading parties are exciting wide interest, though they are met by those most directly concerned with a showing of indifference that does credit to their capacity for going unruffled through a political game of football. The most specific of Mr. George's allegations are that Roger A. Pryor paid Richard Croker $15,000 for the judgeship he now holds; that $32,000 was paid for a seat upon the bench for Judge Ingraham, and that other judicial offices were made the object of barter by the so-called political bosses. Judge Pryor has made categorical denial that he paid or caused to be paid, directly or indirectly, any sum whatsoever for the nomination, and like denial has been made by others of the judges involved in George's allegation.

That a judgeship "comes high" is, however, a fact well known and freely admitted. The sworn statements of election expenses on file in the county clerk's office show that since the law requiring itemized statements of such expenses went into effect the following sums have been so paid: By Judge McAdam, $15,000; by Judge Prior, $10,500; by Judge Ingraham, $7,000; by Judge Newburger, $6,185; by Judge Ehrlich, $6,450; by Judge Smythe $5,000 and by other judges sums below the amount last given down to $310. These sums, it should be made clear, are for so called legitimate election expenses. George alleges that in addition to the sums admitted to have been paid as above, the judges have been black-mailed out of other and in some instances larger sums. It is for this alleged extortion, black-mail, and for other kindred offences, which he asserts have been perpetrated, that George threatens Croker and Platt with the penitentiary. Possibly, because of the latitude frequently permitted in a political campaign, there has been no move to proceed against George for libel.

If George is doing a great deal of talking, so are Tracy and Low, though the latter are less sensational and personal in their utterances. The only exception to the rule of volubility among the mayoralty candidates is Van Wyck, whose "star" speech, delivered last night before the Independence Hall Democracy, was limited to thirty words of common place acknowledgement of a hearty greeting.

THE BI METALLIC COMMISSION.

The British Chancellor of the Exchequer Reviews at Length the Recent Currency Negotiations.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, October 28.—Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Chancellor of the Exchequer, speaking at Bristol this evening, reviewed at length the history of the recent currency negotiations between Great Britain, the United States and France. The Chancellor of the Exchequer said he thought the decision of the Indian Government not to open the mints perfectly right. That view might not be endorsed, he observed, by all his colleagues in the cabinet, but they were unanimous as to the impossibility of overruling India's decision.

The government was pledged to maintain the gold standard and had considered the subject, not in the light of prejudice nor even in the light of such theoretical opinions as members of the government might hold, but as practical statesmen, and they had arrived at a conclusion which they would be able, if challenged, to justify before Parliament or the country. The Chancellor of the Exchequer defended the policy of the governor of the Bank of England on the question of a silver reserve, declaring that the governor had adopted a proper and cautious attitude. With reference to India's reply he expressed his doubts whether the gold standard could be adopted in India as yet; and he said he wished the Indian Government had more clearly stated the grounds for its belief that the gold standard could be more effective.

COTTON MANUFACTURERS.

Eastern Mill Men Admit That They Cannot Compete with Southern Mills on Medium and Coarse Fabrics.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PHILADELPHIA, October 28.—The sixty-third semi-annual meeting of the New England Cotton Manufacturers' Association closed to-day. Arthur Parkinson, of Providence, R. I., read a paper on the "Manufacture and Export of Cotton Goods."

Mr. Parkinson said in part: "It is well known that Southern manufacturers, with the present conditions, can undersell or compete easily with the Eastern mills on medium and coarse fabrics, and the future looks dark for New England. The facilities for manufacturing have been so increased that in many lines of goods the existing manufacturing establishments can produce a vast amount more than what the United States can consume, and it seems each year will cause stagnation for the industry and of course the usual stoppages of mills during certain periods. As a result of this continued competition in certain lines of goods for the home market, the prices are low, wages are low and tariff legislation cannot help matters, for the merchant and jobber will buy in the cheapest market, and that means Southern looms will be engaged ahead and the New England mills must take what is left.

CARNEGIE ARMOR PLANT.

The Firm Says the Works Have Never Paid and Will Be Sold.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PARIS, October 28.—Andrew Carnegie, who is here, says that he has offered the Carnegie armor plate works to the United States government. If the offer is not accepted, the firm will sell them abroad. He says that he only took up the armor business from a sense of duty to his country, and that the works have never paid. The firm means to sell out at the smallest possible loss.

Mr. Carnegie declared that there was no foundation for the report that he and Mr. Rockefeller were organizing a combination to control the ore and steel industries of America.

SOUTH CAROLINA TRAGEDY.

Rev. J. L. Burdine Killed His Wife and Then Shot Himself Fatally.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., October 28.—A special to the *News and Courier* from Pickens, S. C., says the Rev. J. L. Burdine, a Baptist minister, living in the upper part of this county, shot his wife to-day through the head killing her instantly, and then shot himself through the head. At last accounts he was unconscious. The cook was the only witness. Mr. Burdine used a 38 Smith and Wesson pistol. He was on a protracted spree. Mrs. Burdine was an estimable woman and sister to Major Stewart, clerk of the court.

GOOD TIMES have come to those whom Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured of scrofula, catarrh, dyspepsia, rheumatism, weak nerves, or some other form of impure blood.

HOOD'S PILLS are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Easy and yet efficient.

WARM WIRELETS

Senator Morgan is slowly regaining his strength. His trouble is due to an injury to his knee which he received while he was in Hawaii.

The President has pardoned Louis Redwine, now in the Columbus, Ohio, penitentiary and convicted in Atlanta six years ago for complicity in the loss of funds in the failure of a national bank. His term would expire November 4th.

Gustav Behring, the young man who claims that he is a son of the late George M. Pullman, was examined by experts who pronounced the man sane. Behring declares he will push his claim against the estate of the dead millionaire.

Eddie McDuffie yesterday, at Willow Grove bicycle track, Philadelphia, established a new world's record for one mile, paced, covering the distance 1.35 2 5. 3 5 seconds lower than the record made by Jimmy Michael on the same track several weeks ago.

Dr. Otto Nordenskold, the well known Antarctic explorer, will superintend an expedition to be fitted out at the joint expense of Norway and Sweden to ascertain whether any trace of Prof. Andree's balloon can be found near Prince Charles promontory.

The following fourth class postmasters were appointed yesterday for North Carolina—Big Laurel, W. S. Rice; Big Pine, R. G. Wild; Bluff, Mrs. D. Sandford; Canto, Edith Randall; Cross Rock, C. G. Barrett; English, Savannah English; Green Mountain, M. C. Patterson.

The Cheerful Idiot.

"It must have been a very tender hearted butcher who killed this lamb," said the cheerful idiot, pausing in the sawing of his chop.

"Why?" kindly asked the shoe clerk boarder.

"He must have hesitated three or four years before striking the fatal blow."—Indianapolis Journal.

John Elwes is the typical miser of English history. Although worth over $8,000,000, he denied himself the necessities of life for fear of spending too much money and finally died of want. He was probably insane.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpariel type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Just received by steamer another invoice of that choice Coronation Blend and Laguyra Coffees, all fresh goods. Atlantic Tea Co., northeast corner Front and Market streets. oc 28 tf

Photographs—For finest quality, latest styles, best material, finest finish, lowest prices, call on U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. Cloudy weather makes no difference. oc 20 tf

Black-eye and Cow Peas, Chickens, Eggs. Don't handle everything, but solicit consignments of country produce. Best Cattle, Milch Cows, and Pork a specialty. M. C. Benson, 106 Dock street. oc 28 tf

Ship your country produce to L. Tate Bowden. He has no specialty, but handles everything. oc 9 1tf

All Wool Carpets at prices that will surprise you. The best Ladies' Black Hose at 25 cents per pair ever sold in this city. Other bargains too numerous to mention, at J. J. Shepard's, 18 Market street. oc 17 tf

W. V. Hardin, corner Second and Princess streets, fine Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco. New River Oysters in any style. Polite and attentive clerks. Satisfaction guaranteed. oc 14 tf

Notice—I attend to the collection of monthly accounts as well as the collection of rents. All collections made promptly and returns made when desired. Wm. Sheehan, Jr., 122 Princess street. sep 30 tf

Always Reliable—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 115 Second street. Phone 208. sep 21 tf

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 98. mar 13 tf

Hayden, F. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. oct1

DIXIE OIL COMPANY,

Wilmington Branch.

J. E. CROW, Agt.

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Warehouse, Water Land.

Illuminating and Lubricating

Oils and Greases.

To the Jobbing trade of Wilmington:

The Dixie Oil Company is chartered under the laws of Georgia, has ample capital and is entirely independent of all trusts and combinations. We propose to carry large stocks of highest grades in choice cooperage and give prompt delivery to dealers only of SAFE OILS, superior in burning qualities to any ever offered here at same prices asked for impure oils. We do not propose to sell you and your customers also, so shall not put a ware house at every country cross-roads to catch your customer's business.

We solicit your valued patronage on business principles.

Dixie Oil Company.

S. P. SHOTTER, President.

Wilmington, Sept. 29, 1897.

sep 29 tf

Comprehensive Stock.

No where in the State can you get anything in the Hardware line cheaper or better than we can supply you.

OUR LARGE WHOLESALE TRADE has not caused us to neglect to appreciate and provide for the RETAIL customers.

COME ONE COME ALL.

J. W. Murchison,

Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.

oc 24 tf

Self-Inking Stamps.

Always ready. Any design you wish, with removable dates.

We furnish Stock Certificates and Seals at low prices.

Don't forget our seven year daters are sent postpaid for 30c, and whole printing outfit for 35c.

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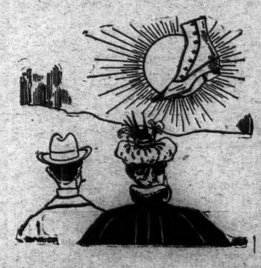
HORSES AND MULES AT ALL TIMES.

F. T. MILLS,

sep 24 tf 112 and 114 North Water St.



WE ARE NOT IN THE SHOE BUSINESS for a few years. We are in it for life. We must sell the best to keep your trade. WE DO SELL THE BEST, and getting new customers every day. When you want a nice, strong, pretty Shoe for a boy or girl, for school or for dress, call for the "John Mundell Shoe." We keep them in many styles.

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS,

oc 17 tf 115 Princess Street.

To the Housekeepers of Wilmington:

FOR 5 CENTS WE WILL SELL YOU A TEN ounce Cake of LAUNDRY SOAP and a black SPOOL OF SILK, 100 yards. The regular price of the Silk alone is 10 cents. No earthly chance of your getting stuck, as either of the articles are worth the amount we ask for the two, 5 Cents.

A lot of Fine Chickens just in.

THE KING GROCERY CO.,

B. F. KING, Manager,

Bell Phone 397. Fourth Street Bridge.

oc 27 tf

Baldwin Apples,

15 Barrels Apples.
10 Bags Potatoes.
25 Cases Jersey Milk.
10 " Pineapples.
25 " Peaches.
90 " Sardines.
50 " Tomatoes.
15 " Salmon.

W. B. COOPER.

oc 24 D&W tf Wilmington, N. C.

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REV. THOS. F. PRICE, Manager.

my D&W

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WILL HAVE THEIR

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Every Friday,

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No. 9 North Front St.

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Just Honest Clean Coal.

High Grade,

well screened and full weight, all ready to transfer to your cellar or coal box on an hour's notice is what we keep at our yard.

TRY A TON OF OUR COAL, either kind, for either cooking or heating, and you will never use any other. Our prices are as low as the lowest.

Banner and Jellico Coals,

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Honest, Clean Coals.

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Read the Prices Quoted.

WINDOW SHADES:

Cloth Shades in colors, size 3x6 feet, only 25 cents each.
Cloth Shades in colors, size 3x7 feet, only 30 cents each.

WINDOW SHADES:

PURE LINEN SHADES, 3x6 feet, only 55c each.
PURE LINEN SHADES, 3x7 feet, only 65c each.
PURE LINEN SHADES, 3x8 feet, only 75c each.
PURE LINEN SHADES, 3x9 feet, only 85c each.
PURE LINEN SHADES, 40 inches wide by 6 feet long, 75c each.
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Don't forget those WOOL CARPETS at 59c yard.
75 prices Upholstery Goods, Damask, Brocatelles, Velours and Tapestries, 50, 75c, $1 25, $1.50, $2.00 yard.

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The largest line LADIES' DRESS GOODS ever shown in Wilmington.

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Which is Conceded to be the Best Coal Mined.

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REHDER'S,

Near Fourth St. Bridge,

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TO

Saturday, Oct. 30th.

Greatest Bargains Ever Offered.

Car fare paid on purchases of $3.00 and up. oc 24 tf

STATEMENT OF ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, WILMINGTON, N. C.

At the close of Business Oct. 5th, 1897, Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans	$608,344 70	Capital	$125,000 00
Overdrafts	30 95	Surplus	$55,000 00
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)	55,000 00	Undivided profits	14,106 70— 69,106 70
Banking House and Fixtures	10,000 00	Circulation	49,500 00
Due from other Banks	207,586 98	Total Deposits	385,060 07
Cash on hand	56,744 30—264,329 12		
Total	$931,704 77	Total	$931,704 77

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

	Oct. 5th, '95.	Oct. 5th, '96.	Oct. 5th, '97
Deposits	575,000	$646,000	$688,000
Surplus and Net Profits	50,100	52,800	69,100
Bills Payable and Re-discounts	NONE.	NONE.	NONE.

Dividends paid—6 per cent. per annum.
Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1893. oc 10 tf